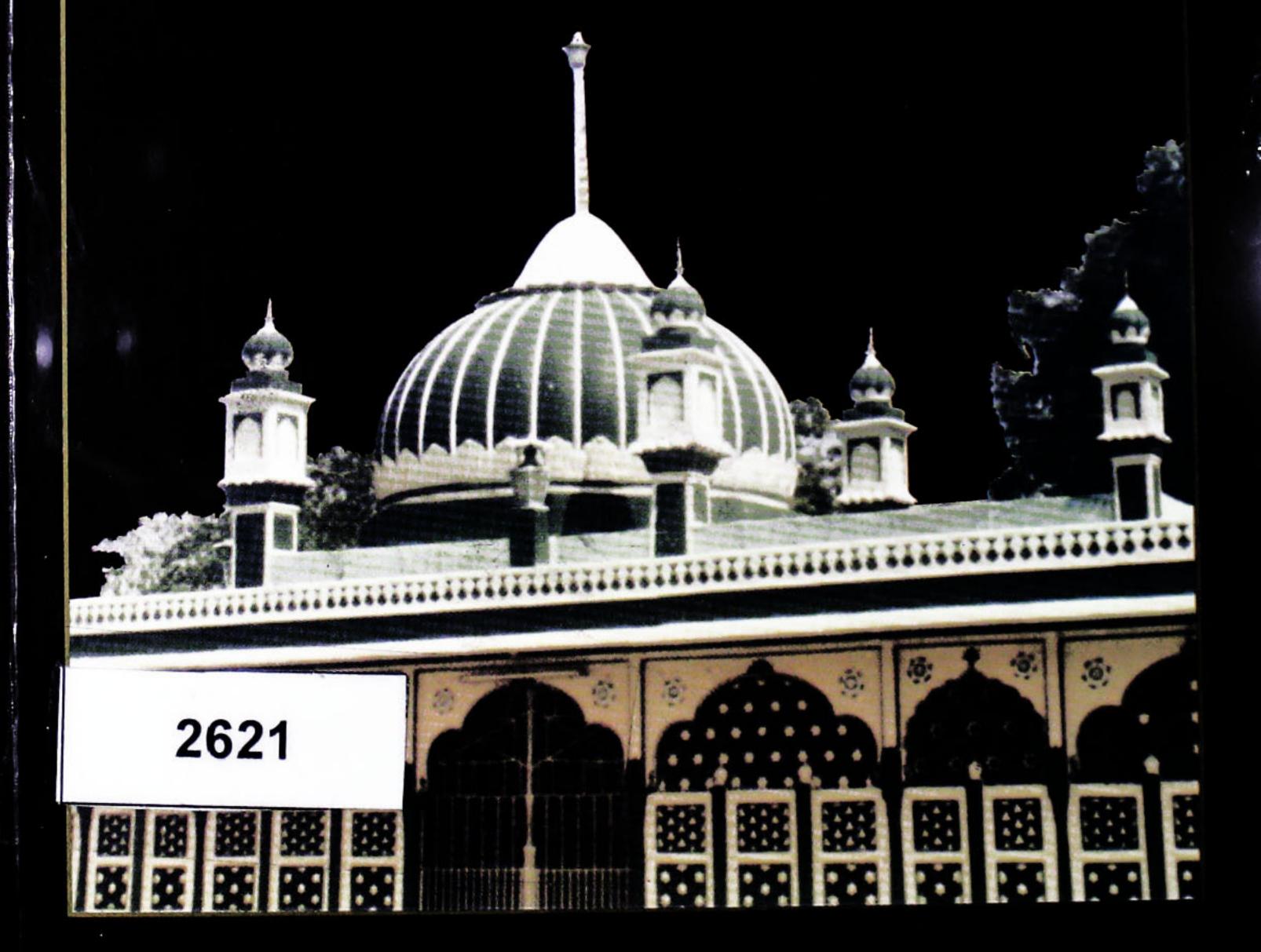
Tadhkira Antwar-i-Sabiri An Account of Sabir's Enlightenment

by
Haji Muhammad Bashir Ambalvi

Foreword by
Abu Anees Muhammad Barkat Ali



Collection of Prof. Muhammad Iqbal Mujaddidi Preserved in Punjab University Library.

بروفیسر محمدا قبال مجددی کا مجموعه بنجاب بونیورسٹی لائبر ربری میں محفوظ شدہ

Tadhkira Anwar-i-Sabiri --An Account of Sabir's Enlightenment

DV

Haji Muhammad Bashir Ambalyi

toreword by

Abu Anees Muhammad Barkat Ali, Rector, Dar-ul-Ehsan

translated by

Muhammad Iqbal and Samina Iqbal

DAR-UL-EHSAN PUBLICATIONS

Al-Maqam-un-Najjaf As-Sahhaf Al-Maqbul-ul-Mustafein Dar-ul-Eshan Faisalabad Pakistan

130644

© Dar-ul-Ehsan Publications

First Published 1993 CE (1413 AH)

ISBN (Paperback) 0 905773 21 7 ISBN (Hardback) 0 905773 22 5

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, storage and retrieval system, without permission is writing from the publisher.

Cover picture: The Mosque and tomb of Hadrat Makhdoom
'Ala-ud-Deen Ali Ahmad As-Sabir Kalyari Alias

Design, typesetting and artwork by Applied Inspiration Printing and binding by G H Smith & Son

Contents

Deducation PNGUNI

Miscellany

Iranslators' Note Page XVII

> Foreword Page XIX

Introduction Page XXVII

Chapter 1

'Ala-ud-Deen Ali Ahmad Sabir Kalyari رُضِيَّنَيْكِيرُ Prophecies

PAGE 1

Chapter 2

The Father's Family Tree
The Mother's Family Tree
The Prophet's من المعادلة Counsel about Abdul Rahim
Abdul Salam's Marriage
Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam's Demise

PAGE 4

Chapter 3

The Master رَضُونَ in the Mother's Womb Incidents at Birth The Holy Spirits' Visit for the Audience

PAGE 6

Chapter 4

Patience during Infancy
Name
Wonders of his Childhood
The Period of Orphancy
Cooking Rice

PAGE 8

Chapter 5

Setting off from Hirat (Kabul)

Uncle's Patronage

Education in the Apparent

PAGE 12

Chapter 6

Recommendations for his Allegiance Allegiance of the Families of Ali مَضِيَّالُهُ عَلَىٰ and Abu Hanaifa مَضِيَّالُهُ عَلَىٰ Sabir's Mother Setting off to Hirat

PAGE 15

Chapter 7

Communal Kitchen
The Master's Mother's Return from Hirat
Baba Sahib's Children's Death by Sabir's Majesty
The Incident about the Master's Marriage
The Master's Marriage

Appointment for the Saintship of Delhi PXGL L'

Chapter 8

Allegiance to the Imc of ChishipsyahiDisclosure of the Seal of Sainthood Instrument, Imamate and Caliphate of the Order of the

PxG1 26

Chapter 9

Kalyar Janua Mosque, Kalyar The Present Day Kalvar The Sacred Mausoleum The Master's Journey to Kalyar The Goat Harmana in the People's Stomach Earthquake in Kalyar Jamia Mosque of Kalyar in Rukoo (Kneeling Posture in Prayers).

PAGE 30

Chapter 10

Plague in Kalyar "Aleemullah the Abdal's Departure with the Letter and Baba Sahib's Commands Four Things at Kalyar which Survived the Divine Wrath and the Conflagration The Fire of Kalyar

PAGE 44

Chapter 11

Hadrat Shams-ud-Deen's Arrival at Kalyar Shams-ud-Deen's Grand Seclusion PAGE 52

Chapter 12

The Master's رَضِحَالِمُنْكِكُدُ Will to Shams-ud-Deen At-Turk PAGE 57

Chapter 13

Khawaja Shams-ud-Deen's Departure to Kalyar
Procuring the String of Cotton
Hadrat Shams-ud-Deen's Return to Kalyar
Funeral Prayer and the Reality of Fāna and Bāqa
The Hadrat Khawaja at the City of Farkhar
Hadrat Khawaja Shams-ud-Deen Panipati's Demise
Hadrat Abdul Qaddus Gangohi's Visit to the Shrine
PAGE 62

Chapter 14

Hadrat 'Aleemullah the Abdul, A Mentor of Kalyar Sharif PAGE 74

Supplication

PAGE 77

What is Dar-ul-Ehsan?

PAGE 79

Indexes

Name: PAGE 81

Subject: PAGE 83

Dedication

This book is a bestowal upon me from my beloved master. Anecs Muliammad Barkat Ali Ludhuanvi. Rector, Dar ul I dense The book is not a consequence of my efforts and so I am honoured in dedicating this book to his blessed personage.

Haji Muhammad Bashir Ambadya



المحي يافيق مر

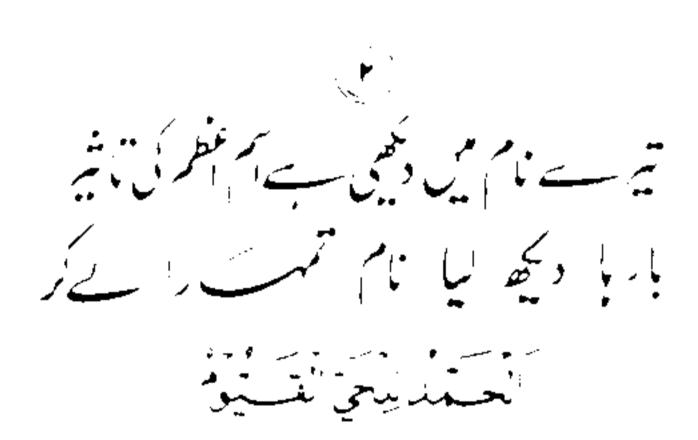


ان کاکم کرم ہے میری زندگی کے ساتھ ابیاکم مواہد نیز ہوگائی کے ساتھ ابیاکم ہواہد نیز ہوگائی کے ساتھ



His is the grace, the grace in my life throughout, The grace that never has been and shall be to naught.



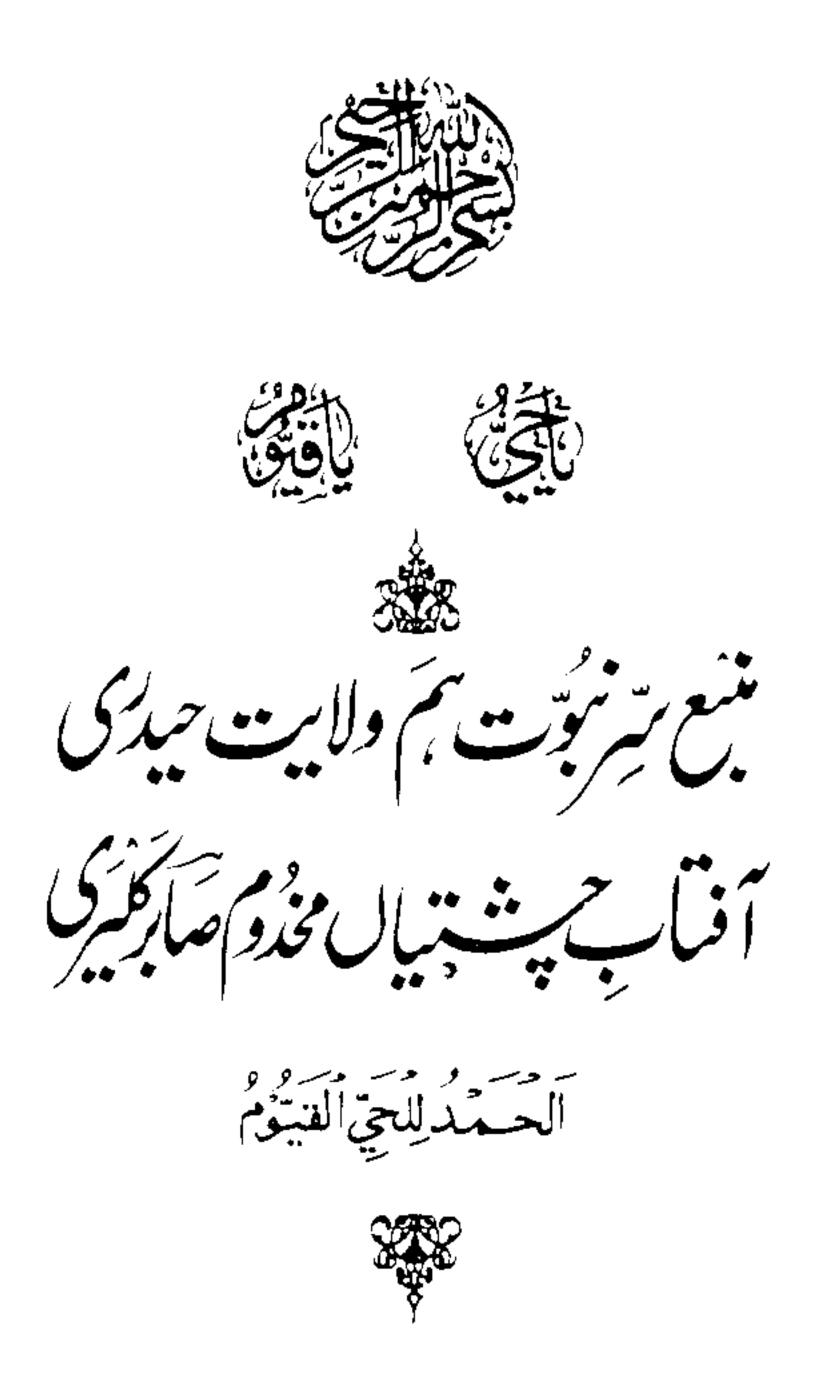


1

Adopting your base, we dyed many colours, and fast too; Invoking your name, we became somebody, and great too.

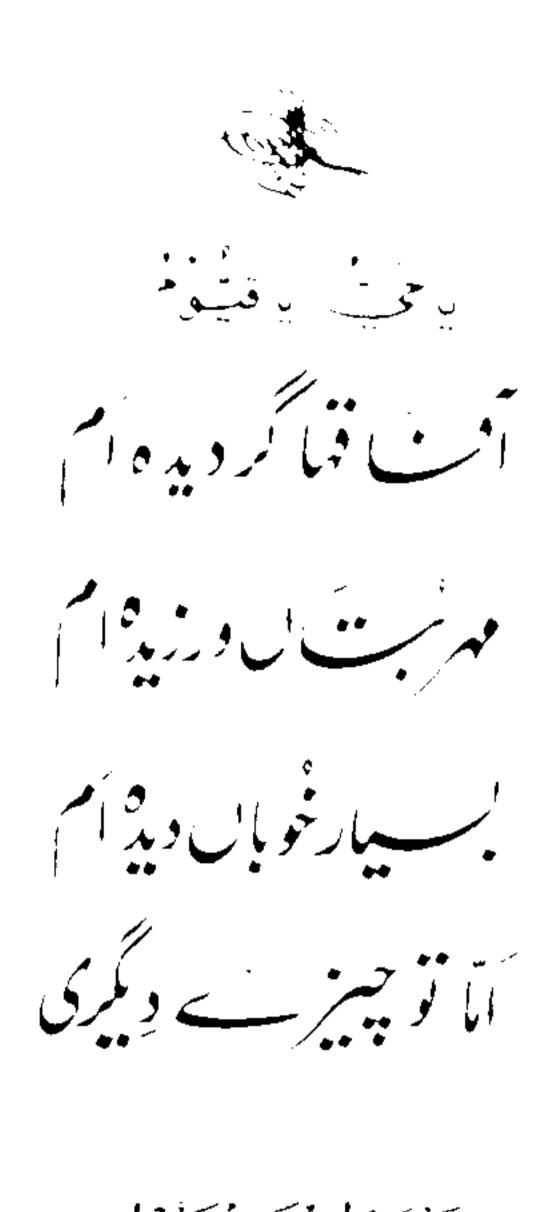
2

I have seen in your name the effects of the Great Name; And this I have witnessed time and again by invoking your name.



The source of the mystery of prophethood and asceticism of Haider,

As also is the Sun of Chishtiyyah Sabir Kalyari, the Master.



I have wandered about many horizons, I have experienced the love of idols, I have witnessed many pretty maidens, Yet You are something entirely new!

المنافعة المحتودة

Translators' Note

Tadhkira Anwār i Sabiri (An Account of Sabir 8 Enler): as an English translation of the second enlarged and include edition which has been printed by Nisar Art Press I (d. Lame). ${\tt iPakistan}$ and published on 22 Ramadan al Mubarak 140 s ${\tt XHE}$ is July 1983 CE) at Ambala Book Binding House, Shish Mahai Road, Lahore, Pakistan. We express our sincere thanks to Hills Muhammad Bashir Ambalyi for asking us to undertake the trans lation into English of the Tadhkira, the original text being in Urdu, interspersed with Persian and Arabic passages and monologues. The insertions also appear in the translation. They have been composed by the calligrapher Muhammad Yaqoob of Gujranwala (Pakistan) to whom we express our gratitude. We pray for a due recompense for the departed souls of the luminaries of Islam whose works have been quoted so very freely thus helping us to offer this book as a real token of our humble respects to the great Sufi Master 'Ala-ud-Deen Ali Ahmad Sahii Kalyari ﴿ يَوْمَنْهُونَ . We feel equally obliged to those whose invalu able help has been forthcoming so readily in the compilation and printing of this book.

Finally, our heartfelt acknowledgements are due to Abu Anecs Muhammad Barkat Ali Ludhianvi for his judicious consent to include this book amongst Dar-ul-Ehsan Publications and above all for his constant and benign guidance. In the end we thank Doctor Ali Saeed Chrispin for his helpful suggestions and advice on English text of the Tadhkira.

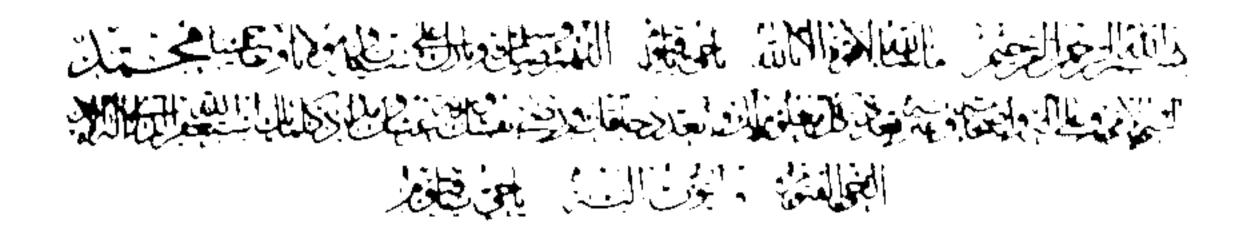
We invoke the graces of Allah the Almighty, of His Prophets (peace be upon them all) and of His most beloved Messenger, the

Prophet Muhammad مَرْنَهُ عَلِيْنَ and all of his Companions (may Allah the Almighty be pleased with them)!

Amen!

Muhammad & Samina Iqbal Huddersfield (United Kingdom)

4 Rabi al-Thani 1405 AH (28 November 1984 CE)



Foreword

I asked a friend of mine who had spent his youth in the audience of Hadrat Makhdoom (Aia ud Deen Air Ahmad Sann Karwa) وهناها والمعالمة والمعالمة

My friend replied: "Hadrat Sabir always showed a unique kindness to me every day. Then my friend continued with this narrative:

"The beloved *Sabir وَقَوْلَهُوْلُوُ*" was extremely kind to me Gradually he began to call me daily even though I was a responsible and busy man. In spite of this I visited him every day

"I forgot to eat on an Eid Day and remained there the whole day, in his audience. It was about 11 o'clock at night before he allowed me to go. When I left, I remembered food and felt hungry too. It was a dark night and the thick forest was all around the canal. I went along, wondering where I would find food. The kitchen would have closed. As I approached the bridge, a voice was heard: 'Oh young man, come along. I will feed you with rice.'

"At this I stopped. Fearful, I advanced towards the bridge and saw that two young men dressed in nice clothes were sitting on the bridge and had with them a pan full of rice. I was wonderstruck as to who were these young men at 11 o'clock at night in the jungle. I went near to them and enquired; 'Why do you sit here?'

"They replied: 'O brother, you are hungry. Have rice and take

your way.' I had not eaten such delicious rice before."

Then he narrated another event: "When I went to Kalyar at noon time during the months of June and July, on the way I used to see a man with a cotton quilt wrapped round him and he lay on the cobbled footpath along the canal. I thought that he was neither an ordinary person nor an important one; rather he was a chosen one. Otherwise, who could bear lying in that state and in the scorching heat. One day I took with me two buttered *chupatis* for him and stood for a long time at his feet. At long last, he woke up, smiled and threw small pieces of both the chupatis into the canal. He kept a small piece with him."

"Hadrat Baba Sahib Farid-ud-Deen Ganj Shakr "With may Allah the Almighty sanctify his secrets, often said: "With time my Sabir's majesty will incline into beauty."

It is worth knowing that the sanctuary of *Hardwar* was a part of the town of *Kalyar Sharif* but has now been repelled so far away by the unbearable highness of his majesty. It does not command majesty anymore for now beauty reigns there. Everybody is honoured without discriminating between this or that description of those honoured. My master, my honoured, my dear *Sabir* is both kind and dear to me. It was in the wine house of my server where day and night the sages, the absorbed, and the practising all were perfectly crowded. How dare anyone bring to his tongue or pen down lines about the wine and the manner in which I saw it consumed there all the time.

الكَعَدُد لِلنَّحِي الْقَنْيَومُ فَاللَّهُ خَيْر الزَازِتِينَ وَاللَّهُ ذُولْلَفَيْلِ الْعَظِيمِ فَا لَكَ عَيْر الزَازِتِينَ وَاللَّهُ ذُولْلَفَيْلِ الْعَظِيمِ فَا عَيْنَ يَا حَيْثُ يَا صَنَيْومُ

Al-hamdu-lil-Hayy-il-Qayyoom!
(Praise be to the Living, the Eternal!)
FAlla-hu Khayr-ur-Raaziqeen!

Aonerical Md

Andeed, Allah the Almiehty is the Best Sustainer')

With the Best of Cirace of Allah the Almiehty')

Yaa Hayya, yaa Qayyaan

(O) the Living, O) the Lie (nal')

Hadrat Nanna Mich, may Allah the Alne of belonged to Bannor in the district of Nancon Anna shid a nappy round his groin, but naked otherwise, he stood he is a The tongawalas drove along and said. "Nanna Mich. show a you run!"

He ran along with the tonga (a light two wheeled vehicle), is a long distance. And this is how he spent his day

At Zuhr time on Thursdays he used to be at Bainer and at A a time at Kalvar. This was despite the fact these places were at least 60-70 miles apart. This account of Natima Mian was spoken about at Deobard where they refused to accept this as something which was possible.

Consequently, a few learned men arrived at *Barrion* and a group of them at *Kalyar*. Those at *Barrior* said that they had seen *Nanna Mian* at a certain time and those at *Kalyar* said that they saw him at the *Kalyar* shrine at a certain time. Both the times differed by a few minutes only.

Only Allah the Almighty is aware of the states of His servants!

Maa Shaa Allah!
(As it pleases Allah the Almighty!)
Al-hamdu-lil-Hayy-il-Qayyoom!
(Praise be to the Living, the Eternal!)
FAlla-hu Khayr-ur-Raaziqeen!
(Indeed, Allah the Almighty is the Best Sustainer!)
WAlla-hu Dhu Fadal-il-'Aazeem!
(With the best Grace of Allah the Almighty!)

The students of the learning of *Tareeqat* (Islamic Mysticism) obtained the certificates and went to *Kalyar* for their confirmation. A student came at *Zuhr* and he (Sabir ﴿ الْمُوَالِّينِي) freed him at *Asr* time.

One amongst the audience said: "Maa shaa Allah (As it pleases Allah the Almighty!) What a lucky person! Here he comes, has the certificate stamped and confirmed and there he goes."

The other said: "This is not the case. You are a new entrant to the wine house. What do you know! In actual fact the Sire does not want to let him stay with him for a long time."

Another student came and stayed dependent there for years on end. Still another person remarked: "Although he does not know it the poor fellow is not yet granted permission to leave. Seasons come and go, but this poor fellow's state remains unchanged."

Another retorted: "Have you not understood as yet that whom-soever the Sire liked did not feel nor did he turn away? *Maa shaa Allah!*"

My revered mentor, the religious guide, the *Shaykh*. *Hakim Amir-al-Hassan*, the *Shah Walayat* (the most high status in the hierarchy of Islamic Mysticism), may Allah the Almighty sanctify his secrets, was amongst the most favoured friends.

Sometimes he (Sabir صُفِحَالِبَنُكِئِدُ) said to him: "I regard you as my younger brother."

Sometimes he said: "You are my special man."

Sometimes he said: "You have the authority of both the apparent and the hidden affairs here."

One day he began to say: "Come on brother! Come on! Sabir وَخَوَالْمُعُنَّهُ calls and is saying. 'Such a huge court of mine and no cardamom here! Come immediately and make provisions for it.'"

When we reached there, we found that the cardamom had finished.

We reported specially for audience on Thursday evenings. Allah! Allah!

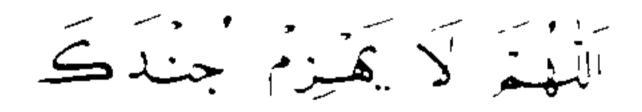
130644

We shook hands with him and had conversations also

As long as he lived in this world, he maintained his my are it status. Since time immemorial it is customary without any exception, that whomsoever he accepted for his service he never spaned him until he had dyed him in his own colour.

And he did not bid farewell to anyone from the kind of until he had made him consume the sediment of a factor of the sediment. The factor of draught of the red wine!

When they come over to the field to help having regarded to defeat and the victory of his desirer as his own the enemy such thins and the troops run about. The enemy finds no way our be which to run away. The enemy accepts its defeat and purs up hore hands. Defeated by the youth at a place, he stays there has period of time, casting ashes on his head. And ashamed in the defeat, he remains groaning.



Allah-humma Lā Yahzim Jundaka! (O Allah the Almichty, nobody can defeat Your troops.) Indeed, who can! What an honour of his Shaykhiyyat (spiritual precept)! He never parted company until he had defeated, in public, his novice's soul and made it run away from the arena, thus winning victory for him

Had he not been like this and done likewise, his pride-inspiring Tareeqat (Islamic Mysticism) would have once again reverted to mere penances, thereby becoming broken hearted in himself and rendering insipid, in actual fact destitute, the accounts of his pious devotees.

If there were no devotees at your door then how would it be widely known and who would have said. 'Unbeknown is the mood that your devotee comes wearing!'

Who would have dared to say it fearlessly, unhesitatingly and openly: "Will you have it?"

"Tell! Will you give? If not, I will go straight to your uncle (i.e. *Baba Farid-ud-Deen Shakr Ganj كَوْنَيْنَاهِكُمْ)* and have it from him."

As that man (the devotee) of medium height, of Alexandrian decor, of dark black colour, of fiery eyes, clad in a blanket and holding a sceptre of authority said it, he inspired awe over the crowd which spread around for miles. The fire was a conflagration, more and ever more so and the crowd was drowned and lulled.

The observer appreciated in public: "I have never seen such a crowd before now."

- So throbbing
- Such fearlessness
- Who was he?

It was a mood of the sage's absorption! It was an act of proud inspiration!

النعبة والنبي العنية ومرا النعبة ومرا النعبة ومرا النبية ومرا النبي التيازية ومرا النالة والنبية والن

Al-hamdu-lil-Hayy-il-Qayyoom!

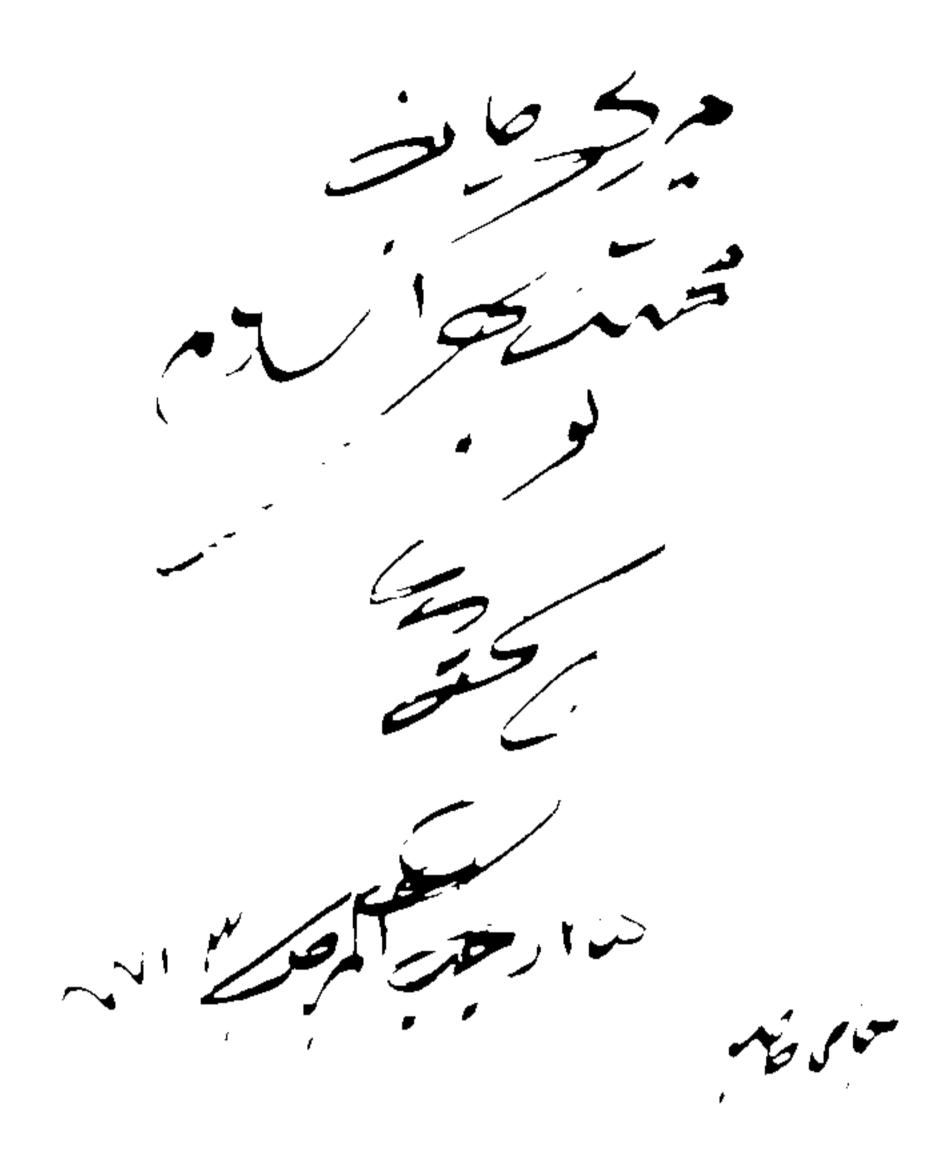
(Praise be to the Living, the Eternal!)

FAlla-hu Khayr-ur-Raaziqeen!

(Indeed, Allah the Almighty is the Best Sustainer!)

WAlla-hu Dhu Fadal-il-'Aazeem!

(With the Best of Grace of Allah the Almighty!)



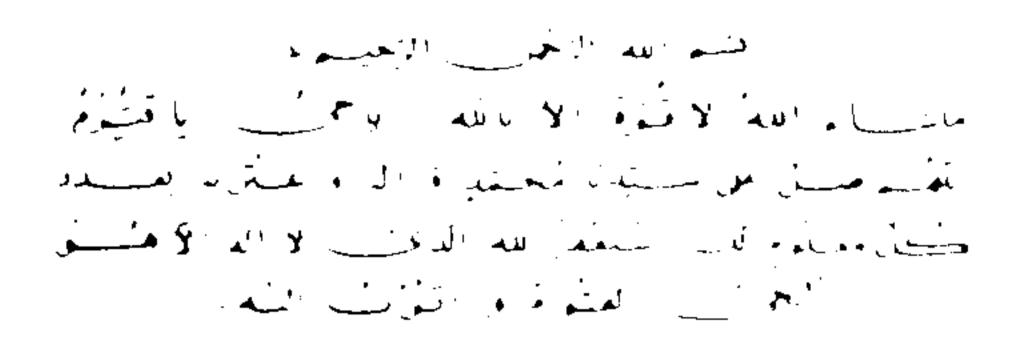
My dear Haji Sahib (Muhammad Bashir Amba ar Jaco prop) loving greetings!

Abu Ances Muhammad Barkat Ali Ludhianyi. Dar-ul-Ehsan, Pakistan

25 Rajab al-Marajjab 1403 AH

(8 May 1983 CE)

XXII Tadhkira Anwār-i-Sabiri – An Account of Sabir's Enlightenment



Introduction

O Allah the Almighty' It is indeed Most Gracious of You that You granted me, the imperfect, the unintelligent, the lowly and the commoner, the ability to pen down the accounts of Sabir white about which the Prophet AGARD In the current soul of the Universe, foreshadowed and forefold. Whatever their magnitude no thanks to you, are sufficient for this great beneficence to me

When Faq'r (Asceticism) was bidden tarewell. ISL, (Devotion) accompanied. Faq'r had the guidance of ISL who introduced him to everybody thus:

"He is yours and everybody's Rabb (The Lord)."

Faq'r prostrated before Rabb.

Then *Ishiq* introduced him to the beloved of the *Raibb* "He مَنْ مَنْ مُنْ عَبُنَهُ وَسُكِنَةً "is the beloved of your *Rabb.*"

Faq'r prayed : "O Allah the Almighty! grant me the love of Your beloved مَنْ مُنْهُ عَيْنِهِ وَكِينَا

Then Tsh'q introduced Faq'r to the family (creatures) of Allah the Almighty thus: "Here is the family of the Rabb."

"Ish"q prayed to his Rabb: "O my Allah the Almighty! please grant me the service of Your family."

Since the Day of Covenant Faq'r was the only creature of Allah the Almighty who remained in attendance to Allah the Almighty and could not be attracted to the world and to any of its occupations. The creatures witnessed the creation, and Faq'r saw

the Creator. The creatures saw the Art and Faq'r, the Artist.

Faq'r is the essential pursuit (Sunnah al-Mu'akkadah) of the Prophets (peace be upon them all) of which the Most Honourable Prophet مَنْ مِنْ مُنْ عَبُدُرُدُولِدُ was proud.

Determination and steadfastness are the two precious entities of the worldly life which only the Faq'r possesses. Vicissitudes of the time could never shake its firm standpoint.

When the reality of *Tareeqat* (Islamic Mysticism) began to pervade the field of practicalities the revered master 'Ala-ud-Deen Ali Ahmad alias Sabir عَوْمَا لِمَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ was chosen for an unparalleled and unique demonstration.

Only a mouthful of the drink had been consumed and he became completely intoxicated.

What kind of the mouthful of drink was it?

He replied: "That of absorption and abstinence."

What happened then?

There danced the lightening or refluxes of light in the earthly man. A *Dhāt* (person) became extinct and he stood in the state of absorption holding a branch of a wild fig tree for twelve years, thus making the district of *Kalyar* the centre of enlightenments.

Marhaban! (O the Brave!) Mukarraman! (O the Blessed!) Musharrafan! (O the Honoured!) The revered Master's state amazed the history of Faq'r. Maa shaa Allah (As it pleases Allah the Almighty)! There is no history that has this sort of example in as much as that, O my Allah the Almighty, how would anyone have stood for twelve years, holding the branch of a tree and neither drinking nor eating but being intoxicated utterly and only in Your love. Only he reaped the opportunity of this excellent example.

Marhaban! Mukarraman! Musharrafan!

Love commended the lover. The lover became absorbed in the beloved. That is, light became apparent in clay. The earthly characteristics disappeared. Similar is the appreciation of every lover by a sacred and blessed love.

 $Introduction \qquad (4.6.5)$

Drowsiness, sleep, hunger and thirst all vanished. Although a lot has come to pass, yet certain things have not come to hight in many fields. It everything had taken place, then there would have been no reason for the world to be sustained. This world $\gamma_{\rm eff}$ existence for this alone, that the field of determination and isteadfastness is in waiting for several such example $\gamma_{\rm eff} = \gamma_{\rm eff}$. As long as the world is there the tales of conduct was be told, and until Doomsday.

Many a thing has not yet been presented in the held of all History has been waiting for so long, and acutely too

Haji Muhammad Bashir Ambacci Lahore (Pakistan)



Chapter 1

'Ala-ud-Deen Ali Alimad Sabir Kalyari Liewis

Prophecies

Before the details of his life are recorded, we pen down to prophecies about him that were made by worthy ancestors

Imam Jaitar Sadique with writes in his book Kaset a Ghayub (the Knowledge of the Unseen). "On the meht of Endos 14th Rajjab al Marajjab 140 AH I was engaged in the recitation of the Holy Qur'an. It was past midnight. Unusually sleep overtook me. Despite all efforts. I could not resist sleeping. In a dream I observed strange mysteries. I reached the world of Maiakat (the souls) then to the world of Jabarut (the awareness of the attributes of Allah the Almighty) where I saw a garden in spring time which had angels fined up and the souls of all the Prophets (peace be upon them all) gathered together, as well as the souls of all the Awliya (mystics) present. That is, strange mainfestations were to be seen.

honourable command. I paid my tributes and observed formalities. I had intended to sit but, simultaneously, the Prophet ordered me to sit in front of the throne. There were مَوْرِينَا عَنْدُورَ وَكُمُورُ اللَّهُ عَنْدُورُ وَكُمُورُ اللَّهُ وَكُمُورُ اللَّهُ وَمُعَالِّمُ وَكُمُورُ اللَّهُ عَنْدُورُ وَمُعَالِمُ وَمُعَلِّمُ وَكُمُورُ اللَّهُ عَنْدُورُ وَمُعَالِمُ وَمُعَلِّمُ وَمُعِلِّمُ وَمُعِلِّمُ وَمُعَلِّمُ وَمُعِلِّمُ وَمُعِلِمُ لِللْحُمْلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ وَلَّهُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ وَمُعِلِّهُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ وَمِعِلِمُ مِعْلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِيلًا مُعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِنْ مِنْ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ وَمِعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ وَالمُعِلِمُ وَمِعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِنْ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِن مُ مِن مُعِلِمُ مِن مِن مِن مِن مِن مِن مُعِلِمُ مِن مِن مِن مِن مِن مِن مِن مِن مُعِلِمُ مِن مَا مِعِلَمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِن مِن مِن مِن مِن مُعِلِمُ مِن مُعِلِمُ مِن مُعِلِم people to be seen in all directions. In the mean time, I saw two spirits, one behind the other, coming along. They stopped in front of the sacred throne. The spirit in front was light through and through like a white emerald and the one behind was an embodiment of light, like red ruby. To the first spirit the Prophet spoke in a heavenly language and seated him on his صَوْمَتُهُ عَبُدُوَتُمِثَدُرُ right of the throne. Similarly, he spoke a few words to the other spirit and made him sit on his left. Thereafter, addressing Imam he said. When with رَضِيَ لِمِنْهُ عِينًا and Imam Hussain مِضَى لِنَهُ عَينًا he said. When with pleasure we all stamped your death certificate the idea that the Ummah would be shocked occurred to me. Spontaneously, the Archangel Gabriel brought a glad tiding that from amongst the offspring of these princes would be born two persons who would be responsible for fortifying Islam until the end of the world. And these are the same two souls here. The holy spirit sat on the right and occupied the stage of Fana Fee al-Rasool (extinction into the Prophet مَرْيَنَاعَتِينَ) which constitutes the stage of prophethood and mercy, through and through. Yet his apparent status would be that of a Ghawth and Quth al-Aqtab. He is my offspring and will proffer great guidance.

The other 'soul' will come into human existence after the aforesaid Ghawth . He will be named the master, 'Ala-ud-Deen Ali Ahmad alias Sabir . He will enjoy the highest stage of mysticism and will be an embodiment of its most majestic kind. He will punish the non-believers and the jealous.' Having explained all this the sitting rose and my eyes were open wide. The rightly guided companions (may Allah the Almighty be pleased with them all) of the Prophet . Abu Bakr Siddique, Umar Farooque, Uthman al-Ghani, Ans bin Malik and Abdul Aziz bin Harith, have narrated this event, in their respective writings, to the following effect: 'After Isha prayers on Friday 12

the Rabi al Awwal 10 A II the Prophet 2 (2.2%) took in allone towards the city of Musqui. Having travelled some distance we stopped under a tree. There were planted three palm trees are one distance from one another. The Propher (2.2%) attroffed by tween them for some time. In the inearting Arm Rabi peoperespectfully, O the Messenger of Allah the Alma (2.2%) are possessed that this process of education in Islam (2.3%) continue? The Prophet (2.2%) replied (Allah the Alma (3.2%) has promised me that He will create mystics amongst in (1.6%) because of whose presence my followers will never worth above education in Islamic Mysticism? Then the Prophet (2.2%) continued. The Creator of all souls ordered them, in the Englishment, into four tows and granted them the status and status accordingly.

"On the Day of Covenant when all the souls prostrated before the Rabb (The Lord), the master. "And rad Deer, Air Armadia has Sabir المعافقة (Sabir المعافقة) stepped from the row of mystics forward into the row of Prophets and then prostrated. Thereafter, the Archange! Gabriel took him on to his wings and back to the row of mystics. And this is the time when master. "Aia rad Deen Ari Armada and Sabir المعافقة (Was granted the seal of mysticism which was embossed on the back of his right shoulder, below the shoulder blade. This seal is the stage of extinction into Allah the Almighty (Fanā Fee al-Allah)."

Shaykh Syed Abdul Qadir Jilani, the Quib of Allah the Almighty, the eternal Ghawth, the descendent of Al-Hassan and Al-Hussain (the twin beneficence) writes in one of his compilations, Qurbat-ul-Wahdat (Nearness to Allah the Almighty); "One night in the realm of Jabārut, Fatima-tuz-Zuhra (may Allah the Almighty be pleased with her) said. 'O my son, Allah the Almighty has granted to me yourself and the master, 'Ala-ud-Deen Ali Ahmad Sabir, in lieu of Al-Hassan and Al-Hussain. It will not be long now before he is born into the families of Abdul Wahab and Abdul Rahim who are our descendents.'"

Chapter 2

The Father's Family Tree

The Master 'Ala-ud-Deen Ali Ahmad As Sabir bin Syed Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam bin Syed Shah Saif-ud-Deen bin Syed Abdul Wahab bin Syed Miran Muhiyy-ud-Deen Abu Muhammad Syed Abdul Qadir Jilani (may Allah the Almighty be pleased with them all).

The Mother's Family Tree

Bibi Hajira (Baba Farid-ud-Deen's sister) bint Qadi Jalal-ud-Deen bin Qadi Shu'aib bin Shaykh Muhammad Ahmad bin Shaykh Muhammad Yusuf bin Shaykh Shahab-ud-Deen bin Ahmad Fakhar-ud-Deen Mahmood bin Shaykh Salman bin Shaykh Masud bin Shaykh Abdullah Wahaz al-Ahqar bin Wahaz al-Akbar Abu al-Fateh bin Shaykh Ishaque bin Nasir-ud-Deen bin Shaykh Abdullah bin Amir al-Momineen Umar Farooque (may Allah the Almighty be pleased with them all).

The Prophet's (ﷺ) Counsel about Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam's Marriage

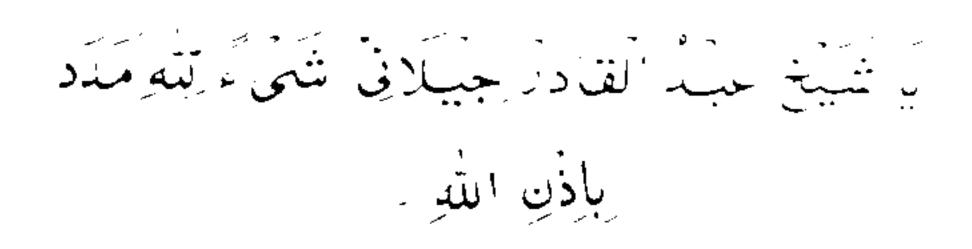
Bawa Chiragh's revered father Mawlvi Mahmood alias Sulayman wrote in a letter to Muhammad Ishaque: "One evening I heard the Prophet مراه والمعالم ordering that I should marry off my daughter Hajira Bibi to Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam who was a resident of the city of Hirat."

Therefore, in accordance with the Prophet's order Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam was married on 17 Jamadi al-Akhir 571 AH at Kothowal in Sahiwal (formerly Dipalpur), district Multan. Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam, the Khawaja, stayed at Kothowal for eighteen months. Then he proceeded along with his wife to the city of Hirat in Kabul and stayed at Muhammad bin Ishaque's.

Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam states (A. Hash of light which was sparkling ted like a ruby moved up and down along my spine. And a strange eestatic state prevailed upon me became of the atmovements.)

Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam's Demise

After the birth of the Master Laces. Abdul Rahar No. 1995 or remained alive for five years. He was 86 when on What Rahar 1997 AH, he developed below the narral some parand this gradually grew intense. He had the following words are his tongue which he repeated continuously.



Yaa Shaykh Abdul Qadir Jilani Sha'xan il Lallahi Madad bi Idhan Allah!

(O Shaykh Abdul Qadir Jilani! Give me something for the sake of Allah the Almighty! Help me by the Command of Allah the Almighty!)

Seeing this scene of discomfort and acute pain, people went and reported it to the Master As-Sabir They entreated him to pray. He replied: "The Prophet's paragraph horse has been made ready for his ride. I can hear in my ears the pandemonium in Heaven. He will come. Help my revered father dress up in robe so he may be taken away. There is no need to pray."

As he was uttering these words from his sacred tongue, the soul of the *Khawaja*, Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam, departed. Everybody observed and said that perfume and sweet scent then filled the whole house.

Chapter 3

The Master Little Womb in the Mother's Womb

The light that reflected in the spine of Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam transferred into the sacred body of Hajira Bibi on the night of Friday II Rabi al-Akhir 591 AH and many wonderful and blissful events took place. His revered mother often saw in dreams As-Sabir in conversation with people. Nine days before his birth she began to feel as if he was in her stomach, busy in remembrance of Allah the Almighty and saying in a loud voice: "I am the manifestation of Allah! I am the manifestation of Allah!"

Incidents at Birth

It is recorded in Anwār-ash-Shahud (The Flashes of the Essence), the book by the Khawaja, Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam: "He (As-Sabir) was born during the early hours of the night of Thursday 19 Rabi al-Awwal 592 AH. At the time of his birth a lightning flash was sent from the Court of the Eternal Sustainer falling from the clear sky on to Haji Burhan, the outcast, who died instantaneously. He was 479 years old and since the time of Al-Ghawth Syed Abdul Qadir Jilani, he had continually presented venomous opposition. At this he often said, 'I hand you over to him (As-Sabir

The lady Basri bint Tabaf, the midwife, who was with the mother at the time of the birth of the Master , narrates: "His sacred head faced the Holy Ka'aba. As soon as I made up my mind to bathe him, a fierce fire erupted from his body. Frightened at this, I retreated. At this the Master's mother

remarked: "Don't you know that this boy is one of the offspring of Al-Ghawth. There is a long account, as huge as an office concerning his birth. Perform your abbition first and then bathe him." The midwife continued: "Consequently, I bathed him in accordance with the instructions. After the bath. I dressed him a sacred trock and carried him into my lap."

The Holy Spirit's Visit for the Audience

When the Master saids, opened his eyes and looked as a ceiling, simultaneously there was a thunderous noise, the trail weight of the ceiling was breaking. Muhammad from Istragary weight of the ceiling was breaking. Muhammad from Istragary heard this frightening noise and spoke at the top of his voice to the Master's mother: "O lady of good fortune! Hurry the son outside because the ceiling is wanting to fall down on the ground." Amidst this conversation, the ceiling of the house rose upwards and fell away behind the house. The clear sky was visible. The small clouds, red like rubies, descended from the sky, embraced the Master's sacred body and returned. The whole house was filled throughout by sweet scent which immediatery spread throughout the city of Hirat. Everybody sensed this perfume. By the time of sunrise, the men from oblivion, Riagaba, Nugaba, Nujaba, Aghyāth and Aqtāb" all had the honour of kissing the Master's head and feet.

^{*} These are the different appellations of the Aichea (mystics), dependent upon their respective $Ahw\bar{a}l$ (States) and $Magam\tilde{a}t$ (Stages)

Chapter 4

Patience during Infancy

For several days after birth, the Master did not feed on any of breast milk. This made Hajira's sacred breast swell and harden, thus causing a good deal of pain to her. Nor were she treated to pain thinking he might start with feeds at any time of the day or morrow. She looked to her heart lest she was deprived of the honour of feeding him. One day she mentioned it to her respected father. At this he prayed four units of Nafal prayers and reciting Yaa Shaykh Abdul Qadir Jilani Sha'yan il-Lallah Madad bi Idhan Allah (O Shaykh Abdul Qadir Jilani! Give me something for the sake of Allah the Almighty) twenty one times he blessed the Master's heart. He began to feed on the mother's milk. Continuously, for a year he drank milk from the mother's breast one day and fasted the following. From the very earliest child-hood one could see the conspicuous signs of patience and contentment on his bright face.

Name

When the time of his birth approached very close, the revered mother saw in a dream one day the Caliph Ali who had come along, saying: "O daughter, soon you are going to give birth to an eminent son, the majestic and the exalted. Name him Ali after me."

After the Prophet's (سَوْمَا عَلَيْكُورَكُمُكُولُ) glad tidings, a venerable elderly gentleman came to see her father. He called on and met her. He showed his affection to her and said: "The baby will be

known as "Ma nd Deen

Consequently be was named ALATA DITTA ALLAMAD

Wonders of his Childhood

He was nearly two years old when his respected father with the one morning from his *lahanad* pravers and be a second of in meditation. A snake fell off the cerling on to the shake a shoulder. He opened his eyes and saw that the snake a two pieces, one piece on his back and the other than there away. His eminence the Master was sitting near the Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam awakened the Master's mother and showed it all to her, she then remarked. If have seen all this man dream just now, My son told me in the dream that from now on the snake would ever bite anyone from our family and our followers because, he said, he had killed the king of the snakes. Furthermore, the snakes all over the world have given me this promise because they were all frightened by this killing."

The Master's father brought out the pieces of the snake in the morning. All those who saw them could recognise them and said "All the signs of the king of snakes, as known hitherto, were visible on that snake."

When he entered into the third year of his childhood, he himself gave up breast milk. On every second or third day he would consume according to need a piece of barley or gram bread.

During the early days of his fourth year he began to speak and, when on the morning of Monday 21 Rabi al-Awwal 596 AH he woke up, he uttered from his most explicit tongue:

"Laa Mawjud(un) illa-Hoo! – there is none except Allah the Almighty." His revered father was nearby at the time. He fell in prostration for thankfulness to Allah the Almighty at hearing his power of speech and the lucid and explicit manner of address which is usually the comfort to the souls of the blessed saints and

exalted mystics, and he beseeched the Sustainer's Majesty thus: "O Allah the Almighty, I am most grateful that You had this child confessing Your Presence and for the honour of bestowing upon him the signs of Your Beauty."

It has often been said of him that he fell in prostration seven times a day; firstly at sunset, secondly during early evening, thirdly at *Tahajjud* time, fourthly in the morning, fifthly at noon, sixthly during the afternoon, and seventhly during the late afternoon. He regularly performed the remembrance of *Laa Mawjud(un) illa-Hoo!* (There is nothing in existence but Allah the Almighty). Occasionally, he experienced a characteristic state of ecstasy. As a habit he slept little at night. He remained awake most of the time. But if he slept, he often uttered the word 'Allah'. Several times during the day, his face changed its complexion. At times his enlightened face became extremely ruddy. If anybody touched him in this state, his hand suffered an unbearable itching. And when the Master recovered from this state, he said: "Thanks to Allah the Almighty!"

The Period of Orphancy

When he was just five years old, the Master's revered father passed away, leaving him behind an orphan. He remained silent for a year after his father's demise. He neither spoke to anyone, nor did he answer anyone's query. During this period if anyone in control of his inner-self came along and kissed him on his holy forehead, he experienced a state of ecstasy and this state of happiness he enjoyed for several hours afterwards. During his sixth year, an extreme state of ecstasy prevailed upon him. At times he also answered to the call of questioner. As a matter of habit, he would ask only his loving mother for something.

Muhammad Abu Al-Qasim Gargami, a devotee of the Master's father, used to stop with him at night. He narrates: "At the time of Tahajjud prayer a frightening voice saying Zahoor Allah (I am the manifestation of Allah) was heard. People often felt that the

voice came from outside the house. Many people witnessed in this event. When his eminence became seven years old the voice disappeared mevitably. Long after that whenever the Master that whenever the Master was reminded about this, he became shy and blinded

17

Cooking Rice

revered mother narrates الْجُوَّالِتُنْكُوَيِّرُ The Master's الْجُوَّالِتُنْكُورِيَّرُ revered mother narrates الله to eat for two to three days. Nothing was available to Nor did I feel like mentioning at to or asking from someone. A s his morning prayer, the Master came to me and said. I among the hungry today. Give me something to eat 'I put up exemes until noon time trying very hard to find something to cook and lead came to hand. The Master تَوْمَيُ لِنَهُ عِنْتُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ him. But nothing came to hand. The Master after his early afternoon prayer saying. Tam now desperate monhunger. Please give me something to eat 1 lo console him I put some water into a pan, put it on the hearth and by the tire under neath. When he insisted on food I said that it had not yet cooked. It would be ready in a short while. This I did until the sunset prayer. After the sunset prayer he came to me and said. It cannot bear the hunger any longer, please feed me, even with the under cooked food.' Saying this he went over to the pan, opened the lid and said. The rice is cooked. Please feed me straight away: Hearing the word 'rice'. I was wonder-struck because there was nothing except water in the pan. But here he was, saying that there was some rice. I then looked inside and lo and behold there was very fine rice cooked inside the pan. I took some out and gave it to him to eat. I also showed Muhammad Abu Al-Qasım Gargami and served him with some and said to him. *Circumstances are such that it is imperative that he is sent to someone knowledgeable to teach him the hidden. If you agree, I shall take him and hand him over to my brother Farid-ud-Deen. The other relations also saw the rice, partook of some, and agreed ". رَضِيَ اللهُ عِنْ اللهُ with me about taking him to Baba Farid-ud-Deen "."

Chapter 5

Setting off from Hirat (Kabul)

After the consultation the necessities of the journey were arranged. Muhammad Ahu Al-Qasim Gargami took the Master and his mother with him and set off to the town of Ajudhan (Pakpatan Sharif) in Dipalpur. On the way 'Aleemullah, the Abdal, came along and beseeched: "If you permit me I will most humbly present myself to Baha Sahib and inform him about your pending arrival!" He was forbidden to do so. Muhammad Abu Al-Qasim Gargami said to 'Aleemullah the Abdal: "Where have you been for so long?" He replied most respectfully: "After the demise of Khawaja Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam, I remained secretively in attendance to the Master "In following his orders, I have now become known and for the whole of my life, I shall not, Allah the Almighty willing, separate from the Master

Uncle's Patronage

According to some traditions, this journey because of the graces of these men came to an end in only eleven days time and this caravan reached Pakpatan Sharif on Tuesday 25 Shi'ban al-Mu'azzam 600 AH. Only two years before then Farid ud-Deen, the most holy of the worlds and the Ghawth of India, had received from the most honourable Khawaja Bakhtiyar Kaki the robe of Caliphate. When his (the Master's) respected mother sat him in the lap of Baba Sahib, he experienced a wonderful state of mind, and his first words to his uncle were these: "Three years hence my

grandfather will pass away.

Baha Sainh remarked. Thow do you know of this my son? Your grandfather. Sold Sain of Deen Andal Wantah byes in Baghdad draip and you are here on P. Loatan India.

He replied "I attended to my hear" and saw my a metable tather's figure. He raised three tingers of his reserved to be one. And this gesture amounts to a death."

Hearing this Barra Salari hugged him to his chart is had had he done that and the Master policy went into a fine experienced a state of eestasy and in his eestatic mind be said time and time again. "Buck ap, the son Ali Annual Salari it a barraystic, the born mystic."

Then in the perfection of trance, he put three times of its right hand on the top of his heart and said three times. (You will manifest three kinds of Beauty of Allah the Almights.) And he asked the Master's mother to lift up his shirt. When she hited the Master's shirt, she saw an amazing tutt of hair below the back of the right shoulder. Baha Sahih, the most holy of the worlds addressed these words to his sister: "Do you know what this taff of hair is all about?"

The sister replied: "I have heard that it is a sign of good fortune. If good fortune meant his father's death during his infancy, then my *Ali Ahmad* is really lucky!"

Having said this, her throat choked and she burst into tears

Baba Sahib said: "There is no need to cry. Allah the Almighty has written on his back the Arabic words Waliulllah in a setting of black hair. This is not ordinary news."

Education in the Apparent

Baha Sahih عراب . may Allah the Almighty preserve his secrets, says: "I taught Ali Ahmad, the Master, for three years about the apparent knowledge. During this period he learnt as much as someone else could learn in six years time."

All this time both Muhammad Abu al-Qasim Gargami and the

Master's mother stayed at Baba Sahib's at Pakpatan Sharif.

Baha Sahib writes in his Sirr-il-'Abudiyyat (Secrets of Servantship): "During these three years of Ali Ahmad's education in the apparent knowledge. I myself saw in him that behaviour of which I had heard from my sister and others. I was extremely pleased over the fact that he was a lot more about him than what I had heard."

Recommendation for his Allegiance

The Baha Sahib (Section) writes in his Siri al (Abadysa) (1990) of Servantship). "On 21 Shawal al Makarram (603 ML1) aw in a dream Sahir's grandfather Shah Sait ad Deen Abdus Wasarb saying. Tentrust the boy into your custody and under your furnish as a teacher and religious mentor."

"I woke up and sent away 'Alcomullah the Ab fal to Baghdad Sharif in order to enquire about his health. I myself got busy in Ihtikaf (spiritual meditation) in my hut. After his Iainanual prayer on 25 Shawal al-Makarram 603 AH Abu al Qasim Gargan i came to me and said. I went to sleep after my Tahanual prayer and in the corporeal world took part in the funeral prayer of Abdul Wahab. Even the Master

"Also after the Zuhr prayer the same day "Alcemuliah the Abdal reported the events of the death of Abdal Wahab"

Allegiance of the Families of Ali ﴿ يَضِكُونِهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ Allegiance of the Families of Ali عَضَانِهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِي عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلَيْهِ ع

After the Asr prayer on 25 Shawal al-Makarram 603 AH, the Baba Sahib called the Master and in the presence of his sister sought his allegiance on his hand. He informed him of the hidden secrets thus filling his heart (which was free of jealousy) with the secrets of Gnosticism and the fine points about the wealth of Islamic Mysticism and Reality, and exalted and honoured him with the traditions of two families namely, Ali

and Abu Hanaifa عن المعافقة. In this connection a sitting of great men was organised. Wajee-ud-Deen bin Rukan-ud-Deen Seesani, a dealer in the merchandise of sultanas or raisins, also took part in the ceremony. He had brought some dates from Medina Manawwara for Baha Sahib who distributed these as an omen of blessing amongst the participants. The Master also consumed his portion. The Baha Sahib المحققة المعافقة ا

Sabir's Mother Setting off to Hirat

When the Master's mother knew that her son was being brought up an educated in accordance with her wishes, she spoke to Baba Sahib one day: "Please now permit me to leave for Hirat. The boy will remain in your custody. However, I wish to bring two things into your notice. Firstly, my son is very shy. He does not ask anyone for anything. Therefore, please watch his food yourself." Baba Sahib smiled and called the Master straightaway and entrusted him with the entire supervision of the communal kitchen. Baba Sahib shout the other thing. His sister replied: "I request you that when I come back, I will marry off my son to my niece (i.e. Baba Sahib's daughter)."

Smiling *Baba Sahib وَفِحَالِمُنْكِحَدُ* said: "Both the son (the Master فِحَالِمُنْكِكُدُ) and the daughter (my daughter) belong to you. You have all the authority."

Thereafter the Master's mother left Pakpatan Sharif for Hirat.

Communal Kitchen

At Baba Sainb's there had been in operation a control since Muharram al Haram 60f. XH. The poor the organization widows, the needful, the destitute the travellers, the probability the servants of the house ail ate their food. This service was handed over to the Master species on 26 Shawal al Makarram 603 AH. As a habit, he came out of his hut after the sunset place distributed the food and went back to the hut. Again he came out of this listrage tearly noon prayers and served the took. Otherwise, he engaged himself day and night in matters spiritally.

Many attendants (at *Baha Sahih*'s) have written on their accounts that none of them had ever seen the Master (\$\frac{1}{2}\text{\$\frac{1}

The Master's Mother's Return from Hirat

Twelve years later the Master's () revered mother came back from Hirat to Pakpatan Sharif to meet her son. Seems the trembling Master (), a skeleton of bones, she was distressed and her eyes full of tears. Having seen her son she wanted upon her brother. Shocked and overcome by emotions, she was confused and could hardly express herself properly. With extreme difficulty, she could manage to say something meaningful: "O Brother, did not I request you, before my departure, to feed Ah Ahmad properly?" Then gesturing towards the Master () she said: "Just look at his health. He has been reduced to a bare skeleton of bones."

At this she covered her face with her scarf and burst into tears. Now Baha Sahih ﴿ وَعَالِمُهُمُ . perhaps seeing this skeleton of bones closely for the first time in twelve years, said: "By Allah the

Almighty! I did not make him hungry. You must recall that in your presence I handed over the job of distribution of food to him. He was in-charge and supervisor in the kitchen. He gave to whomsoever he wished. He could have eaten whatever he wished from the kitchen. Nobody had tied his hands."

The mother looked at the son with questioning glances: "How is it that you are in this condition?"

The son gave an astonishing reply: "Mother, uncle handed over the task of distribution of food to me. He did not mention about any permission for me to eat."

Baba Farid ﴿ وَعَالِمُهُمَّ glanced affectionately at the nephew and enquired: "Then where have you been eating and from what for twelve years?"

The honourable nephew replied: "The vegetation from the jungle, the grass and the leaves and so on."

Overflowing with love *Baba Farid* مُوْكَالِمُكُلِّ said: "Ali Ahmad, you have indeed set the limits of patience. You are *Sabir* (meaning patient). And in it you are unique."

From then on he came to be called SABIR.

The mother looked at Ali Ahmad, the embodiment of "patience" and "contentment" and she felt as if her complaining heart was free from grief and malice.

Baba Farid is the knowledgeable of the state of heart. glanced triumphantly at both the mother and the son. Their contented faces and the soft tone of their voices revealed that, alone, the God-given characters of "patience" and "tolerance" in Ali Ahmad had come to the fore and had blossomed fully after twelve years of trial. Baba Farid ithen made up the deficiency by embracing his nephew.

Baba Sahib's Children's Death by Sabir's Majesty

Baba Sahib ﴿ وَعَالِمُهُمَّى , the honourable of the worlds, writes in his communications, Sirral-'Abudiyyat (Secrets of Servantship): "One day our son Naeem-ud-Din, who was nearly three years old.

peeped into the Master's hut Immediately, he voinited blood and died. A few days later our son Land Bakhsh, who was nearly one year old, passed water facing the Master's hut. A fly bit him from making blood flow from his mouth, he about three hours time as died. The public and the servants were informed about the considerity and the fact that the Master, Ali Alman, No. 11, 25 (2001) and a maked sword who could kill anybody who eggs. Whosoever he would look at will meet his or her done should should come face to face with him when he came out of the Eleven days afterwards. A read Deen, who was about 25 (2002) old, went without permission over to the Master's communication and said: Today I will distribute the food.

Master's duty. Please do not interfere in it without his permission. Aziz-ud-Deen did not pay heed to any of their entre a confinetead he remarked. The kitchen belongs to my father. Why do you oppose? He began distributing the food. Thereafter he were home and told his mother about this who said as she heard a May Allah the Almighty save you. Just recently two sons have passed away. Now what a dreadful thing you have done?

"When the Muster عَوَيَّالِيَّكِينَ came out of his hat he spoke to the servants. Bring along food for distribution." They remained silent. The Master عَوْتُوَلِينَا عَيْنَ repeated. Bring along food for distribution.' At this the servants submitted. Your honom' Aziz ad Deen has already distributed it.'

"The Master ﴿ يَضِّ مَنْكُمُونَ remarked. Bring along that what is left over so that I may distribute it."

"The servants replied. 'Your honour! there is nothing left. He has distributed it all.'

"At this he spoke. 'Why was he spared then?'

"As soon as the Master رُحُونِينُكِيّ uttered this from his tongue, Aziz-ud-Deen's soul departed thus causing a hue and cry in the household."

The Incident about the Master's Marriage

to the daughter of Ghias-ud-Deen Balban, the Emperor of India. The princess's daughter was coming to maturity. The Master's mother liked this girl very much. The Master had also grown into a young man. The mother had the wish to see him wearing the wedding garlands. The girl was there in the household. Moreover this wedlock had been agreed upon tentatively. One day the Master's mother again spoke about this to Baba Sahib who, instead of responding, remained thoughtfully silent. The sister asked him about this apparently unbearable suggestion: "Say if Ali Ahmad is not your nephew."

replied: "Of course, he is." مَضِّحُ لِبِنْكِينَدُ Baha Sahih

The sister asked emotionally: "Is he not your blood relation?"

answered: "Of course, he is." تَضِكَانِينَكُ عُلِيًّا answered: "Of course he is."

"Then why do you hesitate over this matter of the wedlock?" said the sister in distress.

Baha Sahih ﷺ maintained his usual calm and replied thoughtfully: "This is not so, my sister. I am thoughtful over something else."

The sister, overpowered by emotions, retorted angrily: "The fact that he is an orphan and the fact that your daughter is an Emperor's grand daughter is perhaps stopping you from recognising the possibility of this wedlock."

spoke: "You have misunderstood my reservation. I am pondering over the fact that wedlock would not suit him. His majestic grandeur will kill the girl. Despite all this if you remain adamant, I will marry them off. But the end of the marriage will be just the same, as I have told you."

The Master's Marriage

The Nikah ceremony of the Master, the honourable of both the worlds, was solemnised before the sunset prayer on the 21 Shawal al-Makarram 613 AH. Contrary to the normal practice the

Master's mother lit an oil lamp in the Sabit schut and sent the bride along there. She herself at outside the doorwar, whele inside the hut the bride remained standing with hands holds it across her breast. When at the time of I may be prayer the marker testings, became free from the Vigil of Lyanguage is to found that someone else was present in the hut and this way.

The bride replied. "Lam: your wife."

Said "God is the One and Only White he got to do with a wife"

Instantaneously, there alose a fire from the ground where the bride's body burnt to ashes

Hearing this conversation, the Master's mother wished to go inside and warn him. However, by the time she unlatehed the chain and went inside, the girl had been reduced to ashes

Inside the hut the Master's mother struck his back with both her hands and cried: "What shall I tell to your uncle?"

" said: "What did I do " نَضِيَّانُسُكِينَهُ " Said: "What did I do

The mother replied: "Today I solemnised your Nikaii with your uncle's daughter and had brought your bride into your hat You have burnt her. Here is the pile of her ashes."

The Master تَوْكَابِنْنَكِنَّهُ retorted: "I do not know anything of the sort."

When this small family sat with melancholy faces towards one another, the grief-stricken and bereaved *Baha Sahih* looked at his sad sister saying, as it were: "Did you see? It happened just as I told you."

The sister full of tears glanced at her brother, but turned her eyes off him in shame and disappointment. She was extremely ashamed and helpless about her insistence. Straightaway, the Master's mother acquired a high temperature from which she was not able to survive. She became unconscious and died on Friday, Muharram al-Haram 614 AH. The servants beseeched: "Your mother has died and the funeral is ready to start off for the village

of Kothowal in Dipalpur, for the burial. Please join in."

He replied: "I do not hold my mother dearer than the Almighty Allah's kitchen. Baba Sahib's presence there is enough." Saying this he returned to his hut. Never after that was he free from the state of ecstasy!

He distributed food at the communal kitchen for thirteen years, seven months and eleven days.

Appointment for the Saintship of Delhi

From now on the Master's practices were so acute that he became unaware of the world around him. He gave up meeting and talking to people. His tongue became so effective that whatever he uttered, it came to pass. People became frightened of him and remained at a distance from him. In actual fact that is exactly what Baba Sahib informed strangers and servants. "He is a naked sword," Baba Sahib

men of the Faith and in their presence, he placed his own mantle on his head and tied round it a green turban. He also gave him a pair of scissors to be at hand for cutting and trimming his hair and a prayer carpet for his prayers. During the same ceremony, he awarded him a certificate or charter of appointment for the saintship of Delhi. The certificate was subject to the condition that the *Qutb* of the time *Shaykh Jamal-ud-Deen Hansvi* (Should stamp it with the seal of *Qutbiyyat*. Otherwise, the certificate would be held null and void.

The Master مع took the letter of Qutbiyyat and set off to Hansi. Carried in a cradle, the Master Ali Ahmad Sabir (موكينيكية) in all his independence and grandeur presented himself at the convent (khanqah) of Shaykh Jamal-ud-Deen Hansvi, who stepped forward to welcome him. The Shaykh thought that the cradle would stop by his side. But not being mindful of this, the Master

130644

He went along into the convent and stopped the cracile at the verge of the floor and then came off it. Sharke hamae ad Deep did not like this attitude of indifference. Despite this he offered a cordial welcome and, with all respect and honour made him in this own chair. It was the time of sunset prayer. The horter admit prayer together. Soon after the prayer darkness set were the lamps as yet lift in the convent. The Million infolded his certificate of Quibrivial and placed in it. Sharkh Jamai aid Deep Hansyr and requested his conformation of the his stamping his seal upon it.

Shavkh Jamal aid Deen Hanser Jakase wished to be a subsequently because of the darkness, and said. This dark this time of the darkness and said three dark this time of the darkness. be comfortable. I will stamp it tomorrow morning.

The Master مَوْرَيْنَا اللهِ Said: "Please do not postpone. Strong و just now. Order one of your novices to fetch an oil Lamp."

Straightaway Shaykh Jamal-ud Deen Hanser Spherical (shear) for an oil lamp and agreed to stamp it rather rejuctantly $X \in \mathbb{R}^n$ happened the oil lamp went out on the way

Half-heartedly Shavkh jamal-ud Deer Hamser i Lafter the morning spoke: "Ali Ahmad, be patient. I will stamp it after the morning prayer."

Shaykh Jamal-ud-Deen Hansvi () could not put up with this. In anger he tore into pieces the charter of Quibivous, threw away the pieces in the air and spoke angrily to the sharp tempered desirer of Quibiyyat: "What a sharp temper! Inculcate tolerance. How would the inhabitants of Delhi tolerate this sharp temper? You will burn to ashes whenever you get excited."

Seeing his religious mentor's charter broken into pieces, the Master وَعَوَالْهُمَا became furious and in a fury he kicked his feet on the ground and said: "So what if you have torn Uncle Fand's

charter of Quthiyyat, I have put an end to your line of Quthiyyat."

When this battle was being fought, *Baha Sahih* in Pakpatan was making his ablution. Smiling, he spoke to those present: "Two wrestlers are fighting. May Allah the Almighty keep peace!"

The heavy hearted Master came back to Pakpatan Sharif and narrated the whole story to Baba Sahib saying: "What further orders have you for this faqir (i.e. myself)?"

Baba Sahib تَحَتَّلُهُ اللَّهُ replied sadly:

"Para karda-i-Jamal ra Farid natwan dokh't!" (Farid cannot sew together what Jamal has torn.)"

He asked of the Master نَوْعَتُنْ : "What did you say when Jamal tore the Ordinance of Qusbiyyat?"

replied in an excitement: "

Too san'de man chak kardi, Man Silsila-i-too bureedam (You tore my certificate, I broke your line (of Qutbiyyat)."

Baha Sahih عَيْنَالْهُ asked again: "Was it from the beginning or from the end?"

The nephew replied: "From the beginning!"

Almighty and said: "The feats of the wrestlers never go amiss. It is a great solace that it (Qutbiyyat) was saved at the end. Consequently, there will be from your own line a Qutb whose supplication will save Jamal's line."

Afterwards it is reported that following Sabir's (رَنِيَتُنْ اللَّهِ عَلَيْدُ)

Chapter 7

majestic utterance Jamal Hansvi's eldest son died right in from of him. And the younger one could not inherit the line of Quibix can despite his learning and training from him. It is said that have, Hansvi Quibis maintained full consciousness with under taineding and speech right up to his last moments of life. He rid have a that he would bequeath his caliphate in writing the last somether whenever he opened his mouth to say somether caliphate, he lost control of his tongue. And he died in a of affairs.

Chapter 8

Allegiance to the Line of Chishtiyyah

It is written in Sirr-i- Abudiyyat, the erudite communications of the revered Baba Sahih نوکلنیک that after the death of Sabir's respected mother he confined himself to his hut and remained in the state of absorption in order to attain the perfect stage of Fana (extinction). On Thursday, 17 Muharram al-Haram 633 AH, he continued through the Vigil of the Unseen. Baba Sahih د منافق المعالمة المعال

لآرالة الله الله

Laa ilaha ill-Allah-o! (There is no deity but Allah).

becoming conscious. He offered due respect to his Uncle and, together with his Uncle, came out of his blessed hut. Baba Sahib made him sit in the company of other people in order to stabilise his physical composure. By the time of Asr prayer he recovered somewhat. After Asr prayer, Baba Sahib took the Ba'yat (the oath of allegiance) on his hand from Sabir in the presence of the audience, thus honouring him into the line of the Holy Chishtiyyah Order and Sulook. He dressed

him in his own holy mantle and robe. After that day the Master stages came into the sittings of Baba Sahih. Also and benefited from his eloquent tongue about the different and relevant stages of etiquettes, religious ordinances. habits of thoughtfulness and unravelling of mysteries. As usual he spent his mishis in the state of complete absorption.

Disclosure of the Scal of Sainthood

The respected Baba Sahib (مخليفية) has it, in his Sire it Arian (Mysteries of Servantship), that after the Lahamid prayer on the blessed night of Friday 25 Ramadan al Mubarak (650 XH) dreamed that my revered guide and mentor Khawara Quin na Deen Bakhtivar Kaki رَفِيَّالِيْكِيْنِي the Quib al Aqian (pyramidocal head of the mystics), said to me: "Hurry and take Xh Xhmad, the Master, with us."

In a hurry I took Alt Ahmad, the Master, from his hur and in the corporeal world followed the guide. In a short time, we passed from the state of Malakut (the world of souls) into the state of Jabarut (corporeal world). There was light all over. An elegant court had been set up where the Most Praised and Holy Prophet Muhammad the behaved of the Universe, the pride of the worlds, the mercy to humankind, was present, surrounded by all the exalted followers. My mentor presented me and Ali Ahmad, the Master, to the Holy Prophet who kissed on the back of the right shoulder of the Master and spoke with his blessed tongue thus:

— Hadha Waliullah (He is the Wali of Allah)."

مُهٰذَا وَلِيُّ اللهِ

I kissed on the same spot and said:

مُذَا وَلِيُ اللهِ"

Thereafter, this act was repeated. All the audience did it following the Holy Prophet After the audience, the angels kissed him. This was followed by such a lot of congratulations that the reverberating noise in my ears woke me up. I saw that it was Leilat-al-Qadr (the Night of Power). Straightaway, I went over to the Master's hut the door of which was unusually ajar. The hut was filled with terrestrial light and the Master himself was in a complete state of absorption. All that I had witnessed in the state of Jabārut was taking place in the hut. The Ruqaba, Nujaba, Nujaba, Abdal, Aqtāb, Aghyās, Rijal-al-Ghyab, and the king of the jinni all came, one by one, kissed at the seal of the Master's sainthood and congratulated me, saying also:

مُذَا وَلِيُّ اللَّهِ "

Instrument, Imamate and Caliphate of the Order of Chishtiyyah

Following the above event, Farid-ud-Deen Masud Ganj Shakr the same day. وَفِيَ اللَّهُ عَنَّهُ called Ali Ahmad. the Master وَفِيَ اللَّهُ عَنَّا لَهُ اللَّهُ عَنَّا لَهُ وَاللَّهُ عَنَّا لَهُ اللَّهُ عَنَّا لَهُ وَاللَّهُ عَنَّا لَهُ اللَّهُ عَنَّا لَهُ وَاللَّهُ عَنَّا لَهُ اللَّهُ عَنَّا لَا اللَّهُ عَنَّا اللَّهُ عَنْ اللَّهُ عَنَّا اللَّهُ عَنْ اللَّهُ عَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَنْ اللَّهُ عَنَّا اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَنْ اللَّهُ عَنَّا اللَّهُ عَنَّا اللَّهُ عَنَّا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَنَّا اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَنْ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّ عَلَهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّ عَلَهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَّا عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَا made him sit amongst the audience of great men of the time and disclosed in their presence the seal of sainthood. Everybody kissed the seal of sainthood, one after the other, saying and congratulating Baha Sahih. Thereafter Baha Sahih رَضِيَ اللهُ عَنْهُ اللهُ ال honoured him with the instrument and imamate of the Order of Chishtiyyah, and putting his own skull cap on his sacred head, he tied his green turban round the cap. After the citation in the presence of all the audience, he granted him the sainthood of the City of Kalyar (India). It took cognizance of the Qutbiyyat of Kalyar and Ghawthiyyat too. He further granted Ali Ahmad As-Sabir the hidden and holy appellation of Quth al-'Alam. Aghyāth al-Hind, al-Jalāl Shah al-Makhdoom, thus informing everybody at the same time. In the Order of Caliphate amongst his apparent attributes, he wrote some: "The King of both the

Worlds: "Ma ud Deen Mit Ahmad Ax Sahn Khatam al Arw in Sultan al Awliya"

Further, in his gracious tongue he said. Today Sabir is taking away my knowledge, both hidden and apparent?

This was tollowed by a supplication which was proffered over edibles, milk and honey, and distributed amongst at 2000 and distributed.

Chapter 9

Kalyar

This city is situated in the suburb of Hardwar which was inhabited by Raja Karam Pal in 283 AH who named it Bardwar Garihi Bug. This city continued spreading along the banks of the River Ganges for miles on end. After some time a grand idol-house was built and was promoted most lavishly. Hundreds of gold and silver idols were kept. After the death of Raja Karam Pal, Raja Bikram Pal was enthroned. He made the idol house more attractive. He appointed a Rishi named Gokal Chand, thus leaving the whole administration of the idol-house with him. For several years different Rajas ruled the city. At last the rule came into the hands of Raja Kalyan who named it Kalyar after his own name.

All the pilgrims from throughout India visiting *Hardwar* passed through Kalyar which had now become the centre of infidelity.

Three hundred and thirty million famous deities which were carved into idols adorned the idol-house. And besides beasts, human beings were also sacrificed as offerings to them. *Rishis* were given to a life of dissipation and leisure. They presented the deities in sexually emotive images and tried to offer these indulging compromising shapes as means of good recompense rather than the symbols of sin. *Shri Krishan Ji* was defamed as the one who lived the life of luxury amongst milk-maids. They maintained that following their way was an absolute worship. Ignorance was on the increase so much so that drinking and gambling was the order of the day. Female infant murder, celibacy and marriage by *so'imber* (a sort of contest amongst men for a woman) were represented as pure and blessed and were most common. No woman was held in respect. She was regarded as a

chattel from Nature. They seldom went to a religious leader for blessings. They were regarded as a God sent bounty for organic mg gay parties. The low caste were treated so shabbits that setting aside reading, they were even not entitled to hear the words of Sanskrif, the language of the Hindu scriptures. If ever a member of the Sudra caste heard the December office words of the Lord), hot oil was poured into his ears. In short and the state and ignorance constituted their baith. And all these is were regarded as worship. Muslims were regarded as and a worship of the Sun, the Moon, the Stars, the trees, the mountain and the animals was considered the means of salvation. Dance is and singing were a part of worship, because according to the a belief no deity could be pleased without these offerings. Although Delhi was the Capital and Muslims ruled there they had no ruter est in anything except conquest and annexation of states. They ignored religion. During their conquests the Ghorid Muslims reached Kalyar. Hadrat Kamal Ahmad Baghdadi came here in the company of Hadrat Khawaja Mu'cen-ud-Deen Chishii وتونينيكية was then that the Emperor of India Sultan Quib ud-Deen ordered Qivam-ud-Deen alias Dhamwan to conquer this area He conquered the city all right and became its ruler. However he could not promote Islam against hearts that were direly encrusted with the darkness of Kufr (infidelity). Nahangs (the Hinduextremists) - who remain naked and hence the name had made Qiyam-ud-Deen Dhamwan completely ineffectual. Muscle power in such situations rarely helps. For reform in such circumstances spiritual power is essential and desirable. Muslims they were in name only and ignorant of the true spirit of Islam. Human values were very much dependent upon worldly ranks and authority. When Baba Sahib وَخَالِمُنْكِينَ came to know of these circumstances and, since he considered it proper, he sent along the Master to Kalyar for their guidance and reform. The above mentioned circumstances needed a person of his stature.

Jamia Mosque, Kalyar

A huge Jamia Mosque had been built in the centre of Kalyar. The floor for prayers rested on the plinth which stood seventy one steps high above the ground level. On the top of the steps had been erected a huge gate which crowned a very high gold plaque. The Mosque had thirteen doors all around. The ceiling carried three great domes each of which had a tall spire, one on each dome. They were decorated with silver murals. A pool, seven yards by four yards, was situated in the middle of the court. There were three bath rooms on one side of the court of the Mosque. One hundred gold, red and white painted utensils of good quality stone were laid on for ablution.

The Present Day Kalyar

Kalyar is situated three to four miles from the Roorkee Railway Station along the bank of the *Gang Canal* in the district of *Saharanpur (Utar Pradesh)*. Along one bank of the canal is the habitation of Kalyar and along the other bank is the jungle wherein lies, near to the Gang Canal, the sacred and enlightened mausoleum, the earthly Heaven, of *Hadrat Makhdoom 'Ala-ud-Deen Ali Ahmad As-Sabir*

At a distance of about two miles from the Roorkee Railway Station, there is, across the canal, a wide bridge which has routes in all four directions; a cantonement in the East, a cotton textile mill on a big site in the West, the populace of Roorkee further along to the North, and a beautiful bridge at a distance of about one mile to the South. On either side of the second bridge there is a good inhabitation. In the Easterly direction there are civil courts, an Engineering College, *Lal Kurti*, and a bazaar and godowns. In the Westerly direction there is a general township and a neat market place. This place is known by the name Roorkee and it spreads along two and a half miles. Whilst standing on this bridge four roads are seen on both banks of the bridge. Both the roads in the Northerly direction lead to Kalyar.

 $Chapter^{\alpha}$

The Sacred Mausoleum

There is a big court all around the sacred mausoleum. There are two big gates, one on each of the Northern and Fastern will. There is a big door in the Southern will. In the Fast and South there are dwellings outside the boundary of the court for the court tors. In the West of the court there is a big to a court for the court where the blessed twitva (mystics) stay. In the South small mosque and in the centre of the court is a small mausoleum. Near to the Northern door there is a small mansoleum wherein are the roots of the wild fig tree. The sacred mansoleum has around it murble walls which have holes all over

The Master's (نِينَسُنِيَنُ) Journey to Kalyar

It has been reported in both Siri al Abiational Ascereis of Servantship) by Hadrat Shah Shavkh Land an Deer, Mosar and Magnatees al-Walidat (Magnetism of One-ness) by Hadrat Sultan al-Mashavkh Sved Nizani id Deci. the beloved of Allah the Almighty, that after the وَفِيَّالِينَا عَيْنَا لَهُ عَلَيْنَا عَيْنَا لَهُ عَلَيْنَا عَالَى اللهُ ا morning prayer on Sunday 15 Dhu al-Hajjah 655 AH. his high along with "Alcemuliah the " كَوْتَكُنِينُكِيّ along with "Alcemuliah the Abdal whom Baba Sahib had ordered to go along just in case his help was needed, set off to Kalyar Sharif. With the graces and blessings of Ism-e-Azam (the Great Name) of the Chishtiyyan Order such a long journey was covered in only one day. They entered the city of Kalyar at the time of Zuhr prayer the following day. They stayed at the house of Mrs. Gulzarvi, daughter of Abdul Samad, because Mrs. Gulzarvi, Jamal the painter and Mrs. Gulzarvi's son. Baha-ud-Deen, who was about 35, had all come outside the city to welcome the visitors. Baha-ud-Deen led the Jamia Mosque at Kalyar and spoke, advising and preaching to about two thousand people. Jamal the painter and his friends loudly addressed the people saying: "This revered man is one of the Qutbs of the day. He has come to advise us and preach to us. It

is our duty that we take an oath of allegiance at his hands and accept and follow in practice his advice, with heart and mind."

Because of their ignorance none amongst the crowd attended to the Master . The following day he went along to the Mosque again and again to advise and teach people. He also asked for their allegiance. The crowd was bigger than yesterday's. They all refused to take an oath of allegiance and began to say: "The Holy Qur'an is our guide and our long-standing *Imam* (the prayer leader) and *Qadi* (the Judge) of *Tabbarak* in appointment is *Kufi bin Hona bin Sayuti bin Haqis bin Haroon bin Sarya bin 'Amād bin Hamd – Hamd* (who belonged to the family of the cursed *Yazid*). How could we take an oath of allegiance at your hands without his permission and order and how could we change our old ways?"

The worshipper had seats allocated in the Jamia Mosque. They went to these allocated seats in the Mosque and prayed.

The Master said: "I have been sent by my religious guide and mentor to you for your guidance and I have brought with me the certificate of authority as his representative. I have been granted by my mentor the title of Sultan al-Awliya (the King of Mystics). Don't you regard all this as sufficient to convince you?"

Hearing all this, people went silent. The news reached the *Qadi* of the City of Tabbarak who went along to *Qiyam-ud-Deen Dhamwan*, the ruler of the city, and said: "A man claiming the leadership of Kalyar has arrived here and is misleading people in the Jamia Mosque."

The ruler of the city replied to the *Qadi*: "It will all be sorted out on Friday."

He went to settle all public affairs in the Mosque on Fridays, and so he also took all decisions there. On Friday, the Master of the Worlds arrived at the Jamia Mosque before everybody else. As soon as the ruler of the city arrived he asked the Qadi of Tabbarak: "Qadi Sahib! Who is the man, the claimant of Imamate

deadership) "

The Master, Ala ud Deen Ali Ahmad As Sabir (%%) and "Lam!"

The Goat Harmana in the People's Stomach

The ruler of the city asked him. "If you are really to them for a the Imamate and Caliphate and call yourself the Quaternal them tell me the whereabouts of my fairly tall goal. To been lost for the past three months. If you will tell us her we abouts, we will believe in you as the real Sun of India and a man and make the oath of allegiance."

The Master of the Worlds (468) concentrated his attention at the world of souls and, raising his hands, said "O the decomer of the goat! Step out!"

In no time twenty seven men stepped out of the crowd and stood before the Master تَجَوَّنَاكِ who addressed them thus "You have eaten up the goat of the ruler of the city. Tell me about it

Fearful of the ruler of the city, they refused this suggestion point blank: "This is a false allegation. We know nothing about it."

The Master تَوْرَيْنَاكِيَّ said: "It is better that each of you tell as your own account. Otherwise, the mystery will be disclosed straightaway."

They denied the suggestion repeatedly.

addressing the ruler of the city said: "Shout out the name of your goat."

The ruler of the city shouted "Harmana is the name of the she-goat."

At this there was heard a voice from the stomach of each of them: "I am here in the stomachs of these people. At midnight, they slaughtered me by the well name *Sadraq*, cooked, fried and then ate me. They threw my skin and bones into the *Sadraq Well* this well was situated in the street called *Sadraq* and the condemned men used to be thrown into this well."

Hearing this, the ruler of the city believed that the Master was really one of the Ghawths of India. The cunning Qadi thought, however, that the tables had been turned and complete destruction of his grandeur and credibility was in prospect. Softly he spoke to the ruler of the city: "He is magician. Do not be taken in by him."

But the ruler of the city was indeed taken in by the *Qadi* and said: "Your approach appears to be that of a magician. You are not a *Quth*."

Listening to this, the Master of the World مَوْمَنْكُ smiled, and offering his gratitude to Allah the Almighty he said: "O Allah the Almighty! I am grateful to You that this day I. Your humble servant, have been enabled to discharge the sacred Sunnah of the Holy Prophet مَوْمُنْكُورِينَا whom people had similarly made as a magician."

The Sabir والمحكمة wrote about all these circumstances to Baba Sahib and entreated him thus: "When the ruler of the city had shown an inclination to accept me, there and then the Qadi of the city intervened and misled the city's elder and made him suspicious of me."

In reply Baba Sahib رَفِيَ wrote a letter to the ruler of the city telling him most clearly: "As-Sabir رَفِيَ اللهُ represents me there. He is the Wali (mystic) of Kalyar. Accept his Imamate. Otherwise, you will suffer punishment."

Aleemullah the Abdal presented this letter to the Holy Master who dispatched the same to the Qadi of Tabbarak. This unfortunate man tore Baba Sahib's letter into pieces and on the back of one of them wrote: "Dear sir, we have discharged the Imamate here since time immemorial. How could we accept your Khalifa (successor) as our Imam (leader)? In the circumstances, therefore, we do not accept at all your statement that As-Sabir is the Imam and Wali (mystic) of Kalyar nor do we recognise him as such."

Chapter

He went on TOm Imam is the Holy Qui an It. Allan the Almighty and His Prophet. 2.4.25.20 order us we will make some Khalita our Imam and a noble head.

I hat unfortunate man (the Quize shi patched the replic written in his own hand on Baba Sahib's letter which had been form Baba hand of Sughrar bin Kanwan, the Quidi sent the letter is a first bin Master. Who stood up in respect of his Seeing it form he became angry and said. You have What did you gain by rending it into pieces 'Had contains in one piece what harm would have come to you."

He continued majestically "O how disrespectful" You has torn my guide's letter. I have struck off all your names from the Preserved Tablet. Remember what I say today. You alone with the land of Kalyar shall be burned and burning shall be the way neighbat you will find no refuge until Doomsday." The same day he dispatched the torn letter and his own request by hand of 'Aleemullah the Abdal to *Baba Sahih*. When *Baba Sahih* Samin read both these letters, he commented: "'Aleemullah, stop'. The reply shall be formulated."

From that day on, Baba Sahih did not come out of his hut for 13 days. On the fourteenth day he came out after the morning prayer and wrote a letter to the ruler of the city. "Allah the Almighty has bestowed upon you the State of Kalyar and upon my Sabir the rule of both the Worlds. It is incumbent upon you that you follow him immediately. You are not aware of his status. It is rather shameful that you tell us the Holy Qur'an is your mentor, but you do not recognise the descendants of the Holy Prophet. And in their presence you look upon others as your Imam. Remember, if you reject what I have said, if you regard others as your Imam in their presence and if you reject his allegiance, then you will perish. The names of you all have been struck off the Preserved Tablet."

'Aleemullah the Abdal set off with Baba Sahib's letter to Kalyar Sharif. After saying his Zuhr prayer with Baba Sahib, he

reached there and said Asr prayer with the Master directed the Master dispatched Baba Sahib's letter to the rich man of the city. As it happened the Qadi of the city was also present. Seeing Baba Sahib's letter, the Qadi asked 'Aleemullah the Abdal: "When did you set off with this letter from Pakpatan Sharif?"

He replied: "After my Zuhr prayer, then I said my Asr prayer with the Master مَصْحَالِتُهُوكِينَ at Kalyar Sharif."

The Qudi said: "Speed is against human nature. How is it possible?"

'Aleemullah the Abdal replied: "I have this honour because of service to the Master رَفِيَ اللَّهُ . If you also accept allegiance to the Master رَفِيَ اللَّهُ لَكُونَ لِللَّهُ لَكُونَ لَهُ لَا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال

The unfortunate *Qadi of Tabbarak* said: "What a far fetched thought! This is all magic and false. O the ruler of the city! If you accept this allegiance this so-called *Qutb* will make away with your state."

At this the rich man of Kalyar said: "If God wishes us to die as *Kafir*; He will, no doubt, make us Kafir. If He is to make us Muslims, so will He please. You frighten us with the Preserved Tablet. Were our names burned off the Preserved Tablet, we would have died long ago. We do not pay any heed to such like threats."

The fated *Qadi* said: "Sir, tear this letter to pieces and write to him that we do not accept allegiance to you, nor do we recognise that Imamate."

The rich man of the city did accordingly and sent his reply in writing to the Master ﴿ يَعْمَالِهُمُ by hand of 'Aleemullah the Abdal.

This distressed the Master which read thus: "This servant has been very much shocked by the behaviour of the city elder. You, the most enlightened person, are fully aware of the circumstances. I have fallen

Chapters

sick. If you deal this matter lemently, I your servant, will inforturable the view of this attraction. I shall follow your instructions."

At the same time he insisted that Alceniullaholic Abdains of a tar as possible, was to hurry back with the right and well-one deadelay.

TAleemullah the Abdal arrived at Baba Salica presented to his excellency the torn letter and the Machai request. Baba Sahib Salica expressed his sorrow and on the Aleemullah the Abdal to go back and tetch the family trees both the city elder and the Qadi. He complied with the Baba Sahib's instructions and both the family trees were presented to him. Taleemullah the Abdal enquired about his return former. Baba Sahib Salica asked him the reason why he was so mixing a Taleemullah the Abdal replied. The feel as it a great calamity is to befall Kalyar and I am fearful about myself in a way that I back never been before in my life. I am atraid that I may be caught in the wrath of Allah the Almighty. Please for the Almighty, Vlah's sake, reassure me!"

Baha Sahih وَفَكَابِنَاكِمَ put his hand of compassion on the back of his shoulders and said: "You should not be atraid. My Sabir's support and appreciation shall always remain with you."

This satisfied 'Aleemullah the Abdal.

This conversation led them into the time of Maeitrib (sunset) prayer. They said the prayers together and Baba Sahib (shift) then wrote a reply to the Master and sent 'Alcemullah the Abdal to Kalyar with it. 'Alcemullah the Abdal reached the Master at the time of 'Isha (late evening) prayer and presented Baba Sahib's letter to him, who then touched his eyes affection ately with the letter and most respectfully put it on his head. He gave it to 'Alcemullah the Abdal to read. Baba Sahib summarised in a few sentences all that could not be explained in pages. Baba Sahib wrote: 'My dear Ali Ahmad! With the command of Allah the Almighty the Walayat (mystical hierarchy) is your she-

goat. You are hereby authorised to either eat her flesh or drink her milk."

The Master ﴿ وَمِكَانِنَهُ عِنْهُ remarked: "The time of manifestation of

" بَرَذُوا لِلهِ الْوَاحِدِ الْقَهَارِ

Barazoo lillah-il-Wahid-al-Qahar!

(They will be marshalled forth before God, the One, the Overpowering — Al-Qur'an 14:48) has nearly been reached and is on hand."

'Aleemullah the Abdal beseeched: "Sir, what are the orders for me during the wrath of Allah the Almighty? Where shall I find refuge?"

He replied: "Do not go away from me. You will find refuge here. If you were to go separately, you will also be trapped in the wrath of Allah the Almighty and so would then find peace nowhere."

Earthquake in Kalyar

On Thursday 9 Muharram al-Haram 651 AH, the Master recited the composition which is considered to be the sword of Allah the Almighty (i.e. Hirzi Yemani and Hirzi Murtazvi) in eternally spiritual style and in exhaling his breath faced the earth. Straightaway, tremors of the earthquake began to be felt. After a short while another tremor was felt. It happened once again three hours after sunrise. The ruler of the city called the Qadi and enquired of him: "What is the matter? Three tremors have been felt since early morning."

The Qadi himself was amazed: "It is beyond my understanding", he commented.

Just then it occurred in the heart of the rich man of the city that the wrath of Allah the Almighty was because of the displeasure of the *Quth al-Aqtab* of India. "It was not too late to go to

beg his pardon and accept allemance to him. The interest

The Quality the outcast, replied. You get trightened as its slightest things. It is all maric, and maric is methodical. Post care to combat magic, I have found a termic maric maric in

Accordingly, at the orders of Dharm to a lady magnetic Niorat Baghla was called and was asked to especially why there were earthquake tremors. The magnetic forms "This is all magnet Lean also set the earth into tremos."

Accordingly, the lady magician made an earth fraction is then did it eleven times. In actual fact this magic spell booms to be hearts which made it appear as if the earth was experience tremors. But there was nothing in it. Nonetheless Dhamwar incrich man of the city, was satisfied by the act of magic from the woman. By the time of the Friday call to prayer the following discipled had felt seven tremors. They came to the Janua Mosque at the call to prayer. The Master Lady along with Alcontillarith, Abdal, and Baha-ud-Deen were already present there in the Mosque. He sat on the Imam's prayer mut. In the mean time the rich man of the city and the Qadi of Janharak both arrived According to an estimate by some people there were thatteen thousand men and by other people thirty one thousand men in the Mosque.

Jamia Mosque of Kalyar in Rukoo

As the Qadi of the city came near to his own place of worship, the Master of the Worlds repeated this loudly: "From very morning today the wrath of Allah the Almighty has been descending. Try to understand and come to the right path. Take the oath of allegiance and accept my Imamate. Nothing is harmed as yet. Otherwise, you will have no time even to repent."

The outcast *Qadi* remarked in reply: "You frighten us time and again with the wrath of Allah the Almighty. We are fully aware of your spell and charms. We have also found one female charmer. We shall never accept you as our Imam." Hearing this the Master

of the Worlds was vacated the prayer place and sat in the first row. People made him leave the first row, saying that the row was reserved for themselves. Likewise, the Master had to leave the inside of the Mosque for the court and then from there to the last row adjacent to the outside door. Even there, not one outcast allowed him to stand, each saying that the place was allotted to him and the others. As he did not find any space even on the steps, he came out. 'Aleemullah the Abdal had to follow him. Baha-ud-Deen found some space on the steps. He then gave an order to the Mosque: "We see that the people come, say their prayers and then go away. But all this time you have never gone into *Rukoo* (bowing position in prayer). Nor have you gone to *Sajdah* (prostration). Now at the command of Allah the Almighty you will also say your prayer."

In the meantime two men from the first row shouted: "Hadrat, we are Awliya (mystics) of Allah the Almighty and are convinced by heart about your grandeur and honour. Please spare us."

He replied: "Why did you both not recognise my Imamate from the very first day. One killed by a *faqir* is regarded a *kafir* even though he may be a *wali* (mystic)."

Having said this, he became busy in prayer. As soon as every-body went to *Rukoo* posture, the Mosque also went into *Rukoo* as it had been commanded, thus rendering everybody the lowest of the low (i.e. dead). This act by the Mosque sent the whole city into tremors of earthquake.

Simultaneously the Master of the Worlds تَفِيَّانِيْنَكِينُ uttered these words:

Hoo' Yaa Man Hoo' Yaa Man Laisa ilka Hoo' ilkah Hoo' Haque' Haque' Haque'

(Allah the Almighty! O You, Allah the Almighty! Allah the Almighty! O there is none inside me but Allah the Almighty! O there is none but Allah the Almighty! The Iruth! The Iruth! The Iruth!

Seeing this happening outside the Mosque people ran hapinal ardly and spread news amongst people about the destruction of the Mosque. Mrs Gulzarvi also became tearful and beseeched. "Sir. my Baha-ud-Deen was also amongst them." The Master of the said: "Aleemullah! Dig him from under the steps of the Mosque."

He added: "For thirty six hours I am enjoining the most particular affiliation (of servantship) to Allah the Almighty. You should take your relations away, twelve miles beyond the limits of the city. For here the wrath of Allah the Almighty will descend and nobody will be spared within a twelve miles radius of the city."

Thereafter, he wrote a letter to the Honourable Baha Sahih depicting the incident of the destruction of the Mosque and sent it by the hand of 'Aleemullah the Abdal. He ordered him "When you come back, stay behind me, Follow what I order Otherwise, you will suffer."

Plague in Kaylar

The story did not end there. His tongue was the sword of Allah the Almighty. The inhabitants of Kalyar had vexed him a great deal and had disobeyed Baba Sahib's orders and commands. After the destruction and annihilation of the men at prayers, the wrath of As-Sabir fell on the city of Kalyar. The whole population was engulfed in plague. The pattern was that a person suffered from swollen muscles between the cleft of the thighs and with a high temperature; they then passed away. All of a sudden the populous and glamorous city became a desolation. Families as a whole suffered death. The corpses putrified. There was no one to bury them. It is said that the glamour and population that was there before the wrath of Sahir never returned. The Emperors of Delhi tried their best to populate it in all its excellence, but they did not succeed in their efforts.

'Aleemullah the Abdal's Departure with the Letter and Baba Sahib's (﴿ الْمُعَالِّمُنْكُونَ) Commands

The same evening 'Aleemullah the Abdal reached Baba Sahib at Pakpatan Sharif with the Master's letter which contained details of this mishap at Kalyar. It was nearly time for 'Isha prayer. All those affiliated to him, including the honourable Awliya (the mystics) were present. He said: "All of you, take down the past events at Kalyar and also the sketch map of the Jamia Mosque into your records and when you visit Kalyar for the Master's consolation, write down in minute details the circumstances of the place. From these writings the state of affairs of my Sabir from the beginning to the end, will be compiled

and deposited with his Kinalita (successor). This compilation will remain confidential for seven hundred and filty years. Thereafter a Minaldala (annovator reformer) of the Samirican Order who would be a descendant of Hadair Imars Via Hamaira. (\$2.25) will disclose and publicise it during the period of his seminal reformation)."

Having said that Baba Sahib's exalted disciplinate to "Sir, what were the reasons for the Divine weath at the Kalyar^{on}

Hearing this Baha Sahih (Selected Marian Normal Din Badavion) Selected Wintings Thease show to all these revered genitemen the Maktooh-i-Nitah Quohat id Wandar (Selected Wintings on Nearness to the One, Allah the Almighty) written by the Quotand Ghawth of the Eternal Lord, Shavkh Manivy ad Dien Anga Qadir Jilani, the blessed of Allah the Almighty and the gracious descendant of both Hassan and Hussain (may Allah the Almighty be pleased with them), so that they are at peace after seeing this forecast."

In accordance with Baba Sahib's instructions, all the genule men inspected the aforementioned Maktoob-i-Nitab wherein the Qutb and the Ghawth of the Eternal Lord, Shaykh Muhiyy ad-Deen Abu Muhammad Syed Abdul Qadır Jilanı, the beloved or Allah the Almighty, the gracious descendant of both Hassan and Hussain (may Allah the Almighty be pleased with them both) had written this forecast: "The Honourable, the Master, Ali Ahmad Sabir رَضِيَّا مِنْ of the city of Hirat will be born in 592 AH and. having grown up, will become the successor of the Chishtyvah Order and take up residence in the city of idol worshippers." The land will burn to ashes becuase of his majesty. After his death his body will remain in abode between two stones. This will, in actual fact, be a Karamat (miracle) of the author of the Nitab by virtue مَنْ مُنْ عُنِينَ يُوَسِّلُونَ Prophet مِنْ مُنْ عُنِينَ يُوَسِّلُونَ اللهِ of the eternally subsisting spirit of the Holy Prophet And this will be regarded as the Karamat-i-Auzeeri (the miracles of the Prophet Auzeer, peace be on him). This had also been

the leader of the spoken about by the Holy Prophet مَثُونَهُ عَلِيْنَ مِنْ مُعَالِمُ مُثَالِدُ . the leader of the Prophets, the king of both the worlds, in-as-much-as this exalted command will be carried out by Hadrat Abdul Qaddus Gangohi بر بالما who will issue the details of the Master's treasure. Consequently, the Master, Ali Ahmad's treasure will come into the hands of and be disclosed by an exalted and honoured Mujaddad of the time, in approximately 900 AH. He will belong to the family of the Chishtiyyah/Sabiriyyah and will be the descendant of Hadrat Imam Abu Hanaifa, the light of the Muslim Nation. And nine hundred years from now on another Mujaddad. who will be well-known at that time amongst the circle of those endowed with inward knowledge and belong again to the same Sabiriyyah Order and the family of Hadrat Imam Abu Hanaifa. the leader of the Muslim Nation, will reveal the state and mysteries of the Master Ali Ahmad مَنْ عَالِمُهُ بَعُنَّا . The stated time is approximately the time of Hadrat Imam Mehdi's (peace be on him) arrival. The reason for this disclosure of the hidden state and mysteries amongst the inward circle will be to punish the nonbelievers outwardly as well as inwardly. Islam will progress once more. At the time myriads of evils will have raised their ugly head throughout the world during the advent of the Fourteenth Century of the Hijra. The signs will be known by those who held the mysteries of Nature, in particular to the real gnostics bearing the benign disposition and the blessed and the high status. Only his (Hadrat Imam Mehdi's) and none else's followers will be knowledgeable about it. The $Aqt\bar{a}b^*$ and the $Aghy\bar{a}s^*$ of the whole world at the advent of the Fourteenth Century of the Hijra will all dispense both wrath and mercy. Very few Abdals* will come to the world. Nageebs* and Najeebs* will curse worldly people throughout the world. Only those affiliated to a gracious gnostic will remain safe. They will occupy themselves day and night. with the permission of their Shaykh, in spiritual practices. They will be safe and at peace for fear of loss of their Faith. The worldly people will then have their Faith taken away from them.

Chapter IO

This Mujaddad's rule flows from the stars, Saturn and Mercury. These stars bear the wrath of the Ghavih' and the mercy of the Pole Star, Mashinay. And it is near on hand, that in the middle of the Fourteenth Century of the Hura jealou's becomes rampant and so also grudging. Not to speak of nomor sins, major sins will be committed. The authors trive gnostic of this period will be given to excessive back biting. The satisfic of gnostics will be rare and weak. Their Shaykhis will be a to understand them. They will be discovered only if they protee pros and cons of certain facts before a gracious gnostic will would understand because of his strong inward faculties, thus making possible a satisfactory response. The ungracious Eugara will reach such an abyss as has been forecast by the blissfully (tree Messenger, the Prophet Muhammad [223,222,222]), that is, they would adopt the world rather than the Faith

Four Things at Kalyar Which Survived the Divine Wrath and the Conflagration

When on 12th Muharram al-Haram 651 AH, he was free from the special duty, it was the time of *Tahajjud* prayer. He went over to Mrs Gulzarvi's house and stood at a place which he had liked from the very day of his arrival and where his mausoleum stands today.

'Aleemullah the Abdal was present. During all this time the people of Kalyar searched for but could not find him in order to request his protection against the wrath of Allah the Almighty. However, he met with the requests of the following and prayed for their safety:

- l The wild fig tree
- 2 A dove who had her nest in the wild fig tree
- 3 A piece of land which is situated at a short distance from where he resided
- 4 The site of the mausoleum of Sayyedena Imam-ud-Deen who is descendant of Syed Abdul Qadir Jilani عَنِيَكُنَا اللهُ عَلَيْنِي اللهُ عَلَيْنِ اللهُ عَلَيْنِ اللهُ عَلَيْنِهُ عَلَيْنِهُ عَلِيْنَا اللهُ عَلَيْنَا اللهُ عَلَيْنِ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا اللهُ عَلَيْنِ اللهُ عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا اللهُ عَلَيْنَا اللهُ عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا اللهُ عَلَيْنَا اللهُ عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنَا عَلَيْنِ عَلَيْنَا ع

and one of the disciple of the master, the benefactor of the poor, Khawaja Muin-ud-Deen Chishti Ajmeri رَفِيَ اللَّهِ عَلَى .

The Fire of Kalyar

It is reported in the Ser al-Aqtāb that having prayed for the safety of these four things, facing the Qibla he stood by the wild fig tree. 'Aleemullah the Abdal was with him in the rear. He rested his side and back against the wild fig tree holding its branch with his left hand. He closed his right hand into a fist, raising the index finger. He brought the finger to the front of his heart and raised his eyes towards the sky. For a short while he was completely absorbed. After a little while the branch of the tree slipped from his hand. He let the other down. His eyes moved away from the sky. In the same state he moved and stood a short distance away from the tree. After an hour or so he opened his majestic eyes and his lightning sight fell on the ground. Simultaneously, seven steps away from his feet, fire began to erupt from the ground: the conflagration spread in all four directions, thus burning everything except the four things above. Everything was destroyed. Flames went high up and nothing received any refuge. Fire was spread to a distance of about eighteen miles all round and remained alive for several days. The whole of the city of Kalyar was burnt to ashes. Only the aforementioned things were safe and secure from the wrath of Allah the Almighty. The following words were heard coming as they did from his mouth:



Hoo! Yaa Man Hoo! Yaa Man Laisa illa Hoo!

(Allah the Almighty! O You, Allah the Almighty!

Allah the Almighty! O there is none inside me but

Allah the Almighty!)

At times and in extreme absorption he said

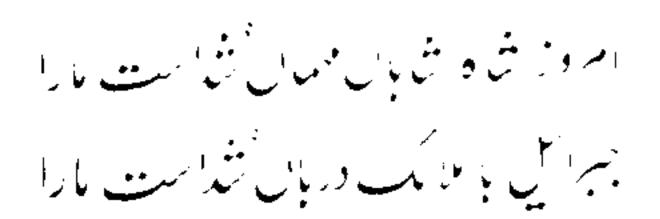


Laa, Laa Laa'

(There is nothing! There is nothing! There is softhing!)

When the excitement of a practice adopts to complete absorption, the stages in the journey of Sacracomplished right up to Sidical ad Municipal (the Ultimit) and of Allah the Almighty). The Salik becomes independent and tree of everything of the Universe. The colourful and fascinate aspects of the physical body all disappear. And all the curtain care lifted.

When this state of absorption overtook the Master (1968) he, in the heat of absorption, explained his state and stage in these words:



Today the king of kings has honoured us with his visit.

The Archangel Gabriel with the angels are our guards!

Subhanallah (Glory be to Allah the Almighty!)

Then in this state of absorption he remained standing, calmand stationary, holding a branch of the wild fig tree for twelve years. And this is the limit of absorption into Allah the Almighty

I have wandered about many horizons. I have experienced the love of idols. I have witnessed many pretty maidens. Yet you are something entirely new!

Again, he spoke about his state thus:

امرُوز شاہ شاہال ہمال گنداست کا دا جِنْرِق با طائک در بال شد است کا را در حبوہ گاہ و صدت کثرت کجا بھی ب ہر دہ ہزار کالم کیمال شد است کا را ما خانہ جہال رابست کا رک نے رک دیم الے نیخ بُت برسی ایمال شداست طال در مخل گدایال محرت ل کجی بہخب کہ جے برگ و جے فیائے سامال شداست طال احمد کر بشت و دوز خ برعا شفال حرام ا

Today the king of kings has honoured us with his visit,

- The Archangel Gabriel with the angels are our guards.
- How could multiplicity be accommodated before the presence of the One!
- To us eighteen thousand creatures have become a one.
- We visited many a world so many times,
- O Shaykh, idol worship has become the faith of mine.
- How could the messengers sit in the company of fagirs?
- Helplessness and meekness have become the circumstances of ours.
- Ahmad. Heaven and Hell are forbidden to lovers. The Will of the beloved is the will (Ridwan) of ours

^{*} These are the different appellations of the Awliva (mystics), dependent upon their respective Ahwāl (States) and Magamāt (Stages).

Hadrat Shams-ud-Deen's Arrival at Kaylar

Baba Sahib نواله was well-aware of this state of the Master of the Worlds . When he had been in this state for twelve years, Baba Sahib مواله المعالم addressed his followers one day and said: "O People! Is there anyone amongst you who could bring my Sabir to consciousness?"

A man named Shams-ud-Deen, who had come along with Baha Sahib وَعَالِمُنْكِكُ from Turkey, stepped forward, and stood with his hands together in front of Baha Sahib مَوْكَالِمُنْكِكُ and beseeched: "This humble servant of yours, namely myself, is prepared to discharge this duty."

Baba Sahib أوكانيكي looked searchingly at this brave man and said smiling: "Are you sure that you will be able to bring my Sabir to consciousness?"

Shams-ud-Deen beseeched: "If your prayers and spiritual graces accompany this task, it is not very difficult."

He added softly: "If I succeed in my objective, what will be the reward for rendering this important duty?"

Baba Sahih وَضَالِبُكُونَ replied: "You will be granted what you wish!"

Shams-ud-Deen said: "Hadrat! In reward for this duty, I am desirous of the sacred presence of and service to the Honourable Master المنافعة ."

Baba Sahib ﴿ يَوْمَالِهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ الل

Shams had Deen took leave of Baba Nahib. (2009) and having reached Sabir's place, he hid himself behind a tree and recirce the Great Name cot. Allah the Almighty) as was in vocus with the Sabirityvali Order. This made him salv against the burning tree which rampaged for a distance of eighteen only. (If round: Arlong last, Shams had Deen, on whom Allah the Arlong has bestowed a voice, melodious and appealing to the his.

Holy Qur'an Hadrat Sabir's a species theart began to be one and the majestic state began to melt like wax and thus sere in a scene of pleasantness. He opened his eyes and, looking around here and there, he found Shapis and Deen of whom he enquired "Who are you? Come to the front"

Shams-nd-Deen beseeched "Hadrat' I, your humble servant, am afraid of your majesty. I will come to the front if you would grant me safety."

replied, smiling: "There is no need to be fearful. It is all peace. Come to the fore."

Shams-ud-Deen came to the front. He was told: "Do the recitation of the Holy Qur'an!"

Shams-ud-Deen started with the recitation. The Master فَوَعُنْسُغِنْ began to experience ecstasy. When he regained consciousness, he said, happily: "Wonderful! You have indeed pleased my heart. Say what you want."

Shams-ud-Deen entreated: "I wish to remain in your presence."

He replied: "You are welcome but beware that you do not come in front of me. Lead and live your life behind me, because I myself do not know when you might suffer at my hands."

Shams-ud-Deen accepted that he should live in his rear, but remained day and night in Hadrat Sabir's (رَضِيَالِمُنْكِينُ) service.

One day Hadrat Sabir رَضِيَّالِينِيَّةُ asked him for some water. He was delayed in bringing the water. When he did come to his rear with some water, he found the Master رَضِيَّالِينِيَّةُ in an extreme

anger. He said in excitement: "O Shams-ud-Deen Baba, why such a delay in bringing water? Can't you find some? Have you gone blind?"

Shams-ud-Deen managed to give a skin of water, but he himself found he had become blind. He wept and beseeched: "Hadrat, I have become blind. I can see no more."

Hadrat Sabir Lurned round, saw the blind Shams-ud-Deen and himself fell into prostration, beseeching most anxiously: "O the Lord of the Worlds! You are the Knower of the unknown. And You know so well that this Shams-ud-Deen is a true friend and companion of this sinful servant of Yours, namely myself. Please take pity on his state!"

As soon as he finished his supplication. Shams-ud-Deen recovered his sight.

It often happened likewise.

Hadrat Shams-ud-deen states: "The Hadrat, the King of both the Worlds, the Master 'Ala-ud-Deen Ali Ahmad As-Sabir taught and blessed me with certain issues regarding the hidden state and some other areas, theologically and linguistically, more obvious. And then he gave this order: "Shams-ud-Deen, now put down everything that I say and name this as 'Saheefa Biyan-i-Sabiri (Scrolls of Sabir's Sayings)'."

"Accordingly, since that day I began to record in writing whatever I heard from his blessed tongue for Saheefa Biyan-i-Sabiri (Scrolls of Sabir's Sayings)."

Regularly, Shams-ud-Deen said into the Sabir's ear and at the appropriate time the 'call to the prayers', thus making him regain his consciousness. He often said: "Shams-ud-Deen, the *Shari'at* (Islamic Law) is a wonderful code of law in that it brings one from His Presence to His Court."

Having said this he always asked Shams-ud-Deen, the Shah Walayat, to lead the prayer. When Shams-ud-Deen had said the prayers, he used to find the Prince of both the Worlds in his standing posture, arms folded and completely absorbed. It

happened likewise in all the other four prayers. However, after the Asha prayer, the Master [5668] taught sharing nd Deen the linguistics and the knowledge of the hidden states. One come evenings he said "Shanis ud Deen is there anything to an"

Shams ud Deen then presented the social roomic to control wild fig tree and he muscled them with his social of the Master of the Worlds (1965) tasted them and social Deen, a man eats, but God is blessed and free of all the

This set them in the state of complete absorption

Shams-ud-Deen's Grand Seclusion

During this period of time Shains aid Deep was ordered to remain in complete seclusion for six years. During this time he went through a strange experience. After six years time "Alcennullia the Abdal was ordered to call out Shains-aid Deen by shouring from outside. After a long time a voice was heard, saying "Who are you? Which Shains-aid-Deen are you calling? What do not want?"

Wonder struck by this 'Alcemullah the Abdal went back to the Master of both the Worlds and beseeched 'Hadrai I have been shouting and calling Shams-ud-Deen for a long time. After some time he answered: 'Who are you' Which Shams ad Deen are you calling? And what do you want?'"

The Hadrat, the Prince of both the Worlds توكينيكي retorted "Aleemullah, go and speak to him thus, "I call Sabir's Shamed-Ardi (the Earthly Shams) at the Master's (مَوَكَانِلُكُونُ) command."

In accordance with the Master's order 'Aleemullah the Abdal called Shams-ud-Deen who then spoke to him, having recovered his senses and consciousness. He was then led out.

Khawaja Shams-ud-Deen writes in Maktoob-i-Nitab Sahecta Biyan-i-Sabiri that, after the grand seclusion, I came to the Master of the Worlds مُوَالِمُنِكِيِّة , offered my salutations, kissed his feet and stood behind him respectfully. The Master of the Worlds مُوَالِمُنِكِيِّة , ordered: "Shams-ud-Deen, sit down." Shams-ud-Deen sat behind

56 Tadhkira Anwār-i-Sabiri – An Account of Sabir's Enlightenment him most reverently.

The Master's (ﷺ) Will to Shams-ud-Deen at-Turk

The way that the Master of the Worlds (Special Special Special

Khawaja Shams-ud-Deen beseeched: "Your Highness, how would this servant of yours, namely myself, come to know of it?"

The Master of the Worlds replied: "The whole day. Wednesday, will come to an end. On the evening that precedes Thursday, cold and fierce winds will blow so much that all the lights of the troops will be put out. In fact all fire will go cold. At that time, the commander of the troops will come to you because only your light will be lit. All other lights belonging to the troops will have gone out. This will be a very strong sign of your knowledge. It will be on the following morning. Thursday, that you will raise your finger towards the fort, thus helping to conquer it.

"From now on 'Aleemullah the Abdal will remain at your service. This Abdal has been inherited by the family since the time of our revered ancestor Syed Abdul Qadir Jilani, the Exalted

Ghawth This Abdal will report to you from all around the world. Shams Baba, you will have a *Qalander* (an absorbed mystic) successor who will, in turn, have a great successor in the person of a Successor VII. 'Aleemullah the Abdal will die during the time of the Master VII. After his death, no Abdal will serve anyone but a *Mujaddad* (religious reformer) of the time."

Shams-ud-Deen entreated: "Who will bathe you?"

The Master of the Worlds ﷺ replied: Shams-ud-Deen, you will."

Shams-ud-Deen implored again: "Shall I touch your sacred body?"

The Master of the Worlds مَصْحَالِمُهُمَّا said: "Do not touch at all."
As you will wish, so it will be done."

Shams-ud-Deen beseeched again: "What colour shall I have for your shroud? Shall I apply scent to your shroud or not?"

The Master of the Worlds replied: "Whatever the cloth, you must provide the shroud yourself. Tie on my head the turban which my Shaykh has given me and dress me in the gown which my Shaykh gave at the award of the Caliphate. There is no need of any scent."

Shams-ud-Deen beseeched: "How shall I dress you in your dress, the mantle and the gown if I am not to touch your enlightened body?"

The Master of the Worlds تَوْكُلْسُكِنَدُ replied: "You need only make up your mind and it will be done accordingly."

Shams-ud-Deen beseeched: "Who will lead your funeral prayer?"

The Master of the Worlds ﷺ remarked: "This will be taken care of at the time."

He added: "I appoint you as *Shah Walayat* (an exalted state in Islamic Mysticism). Throughout the world, nobody could become a *Wali* (Mystic) without your approval."

He went on: "The man, popular amongst worldly as well as the corporeal affairs, will be recognised by your letter on your

Chapter I_{*}^{∞}

forehead, my stamp on his back, and the Ghawth's tootprint on the back of his shoulder?"

Shams ad Deen beseeched "Who will bury you."

The Master of the Worlds $\mathbb{A}_{p, k}$ is replied. The $M_{A, min}$ and the time \mathbb{S}^n

Hearing this Shams and Deen burst into the School of tears, the Master of the Worlds (Adaps) put his his head saying: "Shams and Deen Baba! The Machania of to above will bear all the qualities of a Shah Warran of the appear in 907 AH. He will be the Minialdad of the sacred than of Sabiriyya, Hantivah and all others. He will be descendent of Imam Abu Hanaita, the Light of the Muslim National Adapt Should you wish, Shams-ud-Deen Baba, I can help you to start until that time. You are aware that Abu all Qasina Gargana is said alive and will remain so for some time in future. He as the Walayat is greater than that of a Mujaddad.

"If you wish to be a Mujaddad. I can also help you with that "

Shams-ud-Deen implored: "Sir, I have recouped my patience." However, I beg to know how will your enlightened body stay on without a grave, and all alone?"

The Master of the Worlds replied: "Shams-ud-Deen Baba" I belong to the eternal spirit, near to the Prophet's spirit. It is because of this that my body will exist without a grave and between two red stones only. The Mivaddad of this Order, who will be the descendant of Imam Abu Hanauta, will lead the funeral prayer, and this prayer will incorporate everything apparent and hidden. He will bury my body again. This would amount to my body fulfilling my Shaykh's tradition. The Mujaddad's descendants will be the inheritors of everything of mine, apparent and hidden. Those practising Islam in all aspects, traditional and spiritual, will continue with my line. And there will be nothing of me amongst the worldly people."

Shams-ud-Deen رَضِيَاللَهُ beseeched: "How will you get along

from 690 AH to 907 AH? Will anyone come near to your sacred body lying between these boundaries?"

The Master of the Worlds replied: "After you and having said the funeral prayer, nobody will come near to me. The Master VII of the line of your *Qalander* will come to me and carry from me the food for the *Mujaddad*. At my command he will also place a green branch of a tree above my navel. He (the *Mujaddad*) will in turn erect the branch on the Master VII."

He continued: "Record this account of mine in the Saheeta Biyan-i-Sabiri, and hand over this Maktoob-i-Nitab to your Qalander who will pass it on for the Master VII and then to the Mujaddad. The Mujaddad will disclose the state of today's affairs. From now on the Mujaddads will all belong to our line. The Mujaddad will relate all accounts of all sorts from the time of the Prophet Muhammad

"Shams-ud-Deen! The Mujaddad is the one who has received the knowledge of all the times, past, present and future from man to man spiritually. He keeps the scorrect evidence of all nature. And whosoever in his time will not receive education from the Mujaddad will not be one from my family; indeed, not from any family. On the other hand, one who believes in the Mujaddad, enquires of him about different statuses, apparent and hidden, and listens to his accounts becomes Arif-i-Kamil (the perfect gnostic). During his time all the people gather round the Mujaddad and receive from him a verbal education and benefit thoroughly. They obtain permissions in such areas as 'command' 'thought', 'prayer', 'practice', 'dhikr', 'secrets', the power of 'saifullah jabāruti', 'saifullah malākuti', 'saifullah lā-huti', 'saifullah nāruti', 'saifullah mahnavi', and 'saifullah ruhi Qayyumi'. This is imperative for the Ghawth, Qutb, Nageeb, Aoutad, Abdal, Rijal al-Ghayb and everyone who belongs to the line of Iman Abu Hanaifa فيحكين and any other spiritual Order. Whosoever receives all of the knowledge from the Mujaddad is the inheritor of the wealth of the man of mystery."

The Master of the Worlds (4) (4) explained that after all this there will be eleven states of the hidden stages and these are not meant to be disclosed to all and sundry. Of the whole lot only one amounts to helping people to understand and is as follows:

He explained: "Shams ud Deen, you must recite your name tone of the Names of Allah the Almighty (along with the Danoed oblessings on the Holy Prophet (272.25.20) which will be a formulated to you in this Order. This will help you to bus a intentions and actions. And because of the blessings of this contion, all people will fulfil their wishes."

Khawaja Shams-ud-Deen's Departure to Āmeer

Khawaja Shams-ud-Deen discovered from 'Aleemullah the Abdal the map of the route to the fort of Aameer. After twenty years and six profitable رَضِيُّانِينِيُّةُ and six profitable years of Grand Seclusion, that is a total of twenty six years of beneficial companionship, he withdrew rather reluctantly from his audience at the Divine Command, as recorded in his destiny on 13 Safar al-Muzaffar 689 AH. And with heavy heart and tearful eyes he set off from Kalyar Sharif to the fort of Aameer along with all his sacred gifts, garments and lefters from pious men of the Faith which Baha Sahih رَضِحُانِينَكِيُّر , the blessed of the worlds, had given him. He was then preoccupied with the thought that he would not find one in the world who was such as he, an embodiment of beauty, good and beneficence. As a result of the blessing of the recitation of the Ism-e-Azam (the Great Name) as is practised amongst the Chishtiyyah and Sahiriyyah Orders, he reached the fort of Ameer on the sixth day. And as directed by the Master of the Worlds رَضِيَّانِينَ he joined the troops.

Muhammad Intizamullah Shibabi has in his Tadhkira-i-Sabir (An Account on Sabir) written that Ghiath-ud-Deen Balban attacked the fort of Ameer. But this fact has not been authenticated by any other historical narrative. However, the reality of the situation appears that 'Ala-ud-Deen Khalji, who was Sultan Jalal-ud-Deen Khalji's nephew and the ruler of this province, attacked the fort of Aameer because it happened to be a place of Hindu

concentration.

Procuring the String of Cotton

For many years. Majud Deen Khalpi besaged, the fort but without any success. The tent ropes had worn out. Alaud Deen Khalpi ordered that arrangements should be a results produce cotton string in order to replace the tent rope of the commanders searched around but did not find each anywhere.

Cornerdentally, the commander met a pious man who assist him the reason why he seemed disturbed

The commander replied. "We have a problem to which is solution is being found."

The pious man said: "Do not worry over it. I have been directed by the Divine to arrange for the cotton. I will make arrangements for this."

Accordingly, the prous man took a cotton rechand put it into a bowl. He made a hole in a cloth and covered the top of the bowl with it. He pulled out the thread from the hole and with it ned the cloth round the bowl. He handed over the lend of the thread to the commander, saying: "Keep pulling the thread. You will have enough of the thread to fulfil your requirement. God willing there will be no dearth of it whatever."

The commander did likewise and collected sufficient cotton string. The commander related this wonderful incident to the Commander-in-Chief who came running to the pious man, beseeching: "Sir, I am leading an incursion to this fort for a period of time and as yet no way has been found to conquer it. God forbid, if defeat is to be faced, then the prestige of Islam will suffer."

The pious man said: "Every job is timed and is accomplished by the Divine decree. Be patient. Once the time has been reached you will embrace victory. But this will not be because of me. At the Divine decree a man in your troops has been appointed to pray

for the fort to be conquered. Go and look for him."

'Ala-ud-Deen Khalji beseeched: "Sir, it is difficult to find some unknown person amongst this large army consisting of thousands of men. Please tell me some clue."

He replied: "Go ahead! A strong and fierce wind will blow one night. There will be a lot of rain. All the lights of the troops will be put out. That man's lamp will remain kindled. He will be busy in the recitation of the Holy Qur'an. He is *Shams al-Ard*. Seek his help. It all depends on his supplication."

'Ala-ud-Deen Khalji heard all this and came back and began to wait for the time to come. At the other end, the King of India went with the same object to Hadrat Nizam-ud-Deen Awliya Zari Zarbaft of Delhi , beseeching: "Please pray for the conquest of the fort. The troops are in the field and have been so for such a long time."

Hadrat Nizam-ud-Deen Awliya (replied: "The man who will conquer the fort has enlisted in the troops. Direct your Commander-in-Chief to look for him, thus requesting him for his supplication. Both you and your Commander-in-Chief are unaware of him."

When the Commander-in-Chief received the King's order he had confirmed what the pious man had already told him.

On the other hand Shams-ud-Deen's heart was restless in separation from the Master of the Worlds was a Twenty six years companionship was a long time. One evening he felt very disturbed. The wind on that day was unusually very fierce. The sky became overcast. It began to drizzle. He became sadder still. He lit his lamp and began to recite the Holy Qur'an. The wind became fiercer and fiercer. Restlessness spread all round the troops. The fierce, fast and cold wind put out the lamps and lights of all the troops. Darkness prevailed over all. He was as usual busy in the recitation of the Holy Qur'an in the light of his own lamp. He was so absorbed that he was unaware of the world outside. Seeing a complete blanket of darkness over the troops

Ala ud Deen Khalji, who had been waiting for this for a long time, went out to search for this rare person. After a short search and wandering around, he came and stood outside the Khawaga tent. As soon as he had finished the recutation, he paid his tribut and fell at his feet, beseeching. "Sur" Help become a language from helpless and worned."

It is a great thing to be a namesake to someons the means of "Ma ud Deen Khalji s honour and his mix

Hadrat Shams ud-Deen spoke some words of concentrational solace. After his morning prayer he came out of his acid ordered 'Alasud-Deen Khalji to attack the fort. At Hadrat Shan ud-Deen's command the Commander in Chief followed sint. With the kindness of Allah the Almighty, the troops entried the foot of the first assault. On Thursday 13 Rabi al Awwal 689 AH. The Islamic flag fluttered high at the fort. After the conquest and victory. 'Alasud-Deen Khalji scarched for Shams ad Dean in order to offer him the congratulations on the victory, but he had gone away even before his arrival.

Hadrat Shams-ud-Deen's Return to Kalyar

Here the troops were entering the fort with a great enthusiasm and over there Shams-ud-Deen remembered the Will of the Master of the Worlds that the time of the conquest of the fort would be the time of his death. Pondering over this, he became restless. He gave Shaykh Muhammad Aslam Bakhshi, an army officer, his copy of the Holy Qur'an in lieu of eleven rupees. He bought the cloth for his shroud for eight rupee, some cloth for a dhuti (a sheet of cloth worn round the groin) for one rupee and other necessities for the remaining money. Then having packed all these articles into a bag and put it on the back of his shoulders, he set off to Kalyar Sharif without informing anybody. He recited continuously Ism-e-Azam Sabiriyyah (the Great Name of the Sabiriyyah Order) and walked away at a fast pace. He came across 'Aleemullah the Abdal who seemed to be in a disturbed state. He

enquired of him concerning his welfare and about the health of the Master of the Worlds

'Aleemullah the Abdal paid his respects, beseeching: "About a week ago the Master ordered me, saying, 'Aleemullah! Go, report to Shams-ud-Deen and remain at his service. From now on you will have to live with him. I appoint you to serve him."

Hadrat Shams-ud-Deen enquired further: "Aleemullah! Please say if anything special took place after my departure!"

He replied: "Sir, there has not been anything special!"

As he walked along Shams-ud-Deen's foot stumbled and he fell down. When he got up he saw that he was in the suburb of Kalyar Sharif. Hurriedly he went near the wild fig tree and saw the sacred body of the Master lying watched by a lion sitting nearby. Restlessly, he advanced his hand towards the sacred body. A fierce sword was flung to him. He put forward his sleeve. This is why it is said of the descendants of Shams-ud-Deen that they all have the identification mark which is that they have one sleeve shorter than the other.

Funeral Prayer and the Reality of Fanā and Baqā

As he approached, the lion stood up and went away to the jungle and, in accordance with his Will, Shams-ud-Deen bathed and dressed the sacred body and performed all other rites. Then he stood up waiting for the funeral prayer. He really thought that he alone would say the funeral prayer of such an exalted man. Also he felt very bad about the fact that there was no sign of a single person within the range of his sight. All was woods and wilderness. O God! What was all this? He gathered up courage and was going to stand on the prayer mat when from aside, a voice was heard, saying: "Wait! Do not hurry. This is not your job. Here I am."

Hadrat Khawaja turned round and saw that a galloping horse rider had arrived; he wore a dress like Sabir's and had a veiled

face. He got off the horse, stood on the prayer mat and led the funeral prayer. When at the end of the funeral prayer the Hadrar Khawaja turned his face for the timishing salute to the 'North and then to the South he in fact observed that immuniciable covaries as far as the eye could see, had taken part to the times if prayer

Worlds (Sage). Shams ud Deen posed the questo the state of the issues of Fana (self annihilation) and Bana (per example) answer to which he replied "You will not understand the example of to your full understanding, in shale Main."

A long time had clapsed and this discourse had shipped in a Hadrat Khawaja's mind

Everybody was busy in the burial of the dead body. It occurred to the heart of the Hadrat Khawaja that he should need the Imam (the prayer leader) in order to find out about large testing name and his whereabouts. Otherwise, the one who led that funeral prayer would remain a mystery. Therefore, he directed has attention to the Imam who, holding the bridles of his horse had already got on to its back. Seeing the Khawaja, the inder lacked the horse to go in the Westerly direction. The Khawaja ran after the horse and a short distance away he caught up with him and held the bridles of the horse and beseeched: "Please acil us your name and your whereabouts. People will ask me who conducted my Shaykh's funeral prayer. What shall I reply to them?"

Hearing this the rider slightly removed his veil and said: "Shams-ud-Deen, I have conducted my own funeral prayer. You often asked about *Fanā* and *Baqā*. How could I make you understand? Look! That is *Fanā* there and *Baqā* here!"

He kicked the horse and vanished in the valley of jungle! Ai hamdu-lil-Allah (Allah the Almighty be praised). As promised, he showed him everything in his presence, explained it to him and also renewed his meeting with the Khawaja. Seeing and hearing this, the Khawaja became unconscious.

The Hadrat Khawaja in the City of Farkhar

When regained his consciousness, he found 'Aleemullah the Abdal sitting to his left and busy at his service. When he enquired, 'Aleemullah the Abdal explained: "Sir, it is the City of Farkhar in the country of Turkistan (Turkey as it was) and the day of 15 Rabi al-Awwal 690 AH."

That is, a year and a few days had gone past.

Thereafter, he said: "Aleemullah, send for the Qutb of the time (the Head of the Spiritual Hierarchy) here."

As ordered the *Qutb* of the time, Syed Ma'soom Ali Shah ويُوكِينْهُ came along and paid his tributes.

The Khawaja said: "My dear, have a mausoleum constructed at the place where I landed and left a mark on the ground."

In accordance with his order Syed Ma'soom Ali Shah فَحُونَ مَنْكِينًا straightaway made arrangements for the construction of the mausoleum.

Syed Muhammad Hussain Shah, the author of *Haqiqat-e-Gulzar Sabiri* (Reality of the Sabir's Garden) writes in his eye witnessed account: "I myself have seen the place where Hadrat Shams-ud-Deen Shams al-Ard fell. It is one hundred and seven footsteps away in the East from the City of Farkhar and the radiant mausoleum which stands about nine feet by eleven feet and has been constructed in a green marble. Inside the mausoleum the mark on the ground is as fresh as if he had just fallen there. There is not even the difference of a hair's breadth. He had fallen on the ground on his left side and there are hand and footprints."

The Hadrat Khawaja in Panipat

On the morning of Saturday 17 Rabi al-Awwal 690 AH. Hadrat Shams-ud-Deen along with 'Aleemullah the Abdal, set off from the City of Farkhar and, passing through different cities, he entered Panipat (in the Punjab) where he stayed permanently. From Panipat he enquired about the circumstances at Kalyar Sharif by hands of 'Aleemullah the Abdal.

Hadrat Khawaja Panipati's (《遠義》) Demise

After the morning prayer on Thursday 19 Shahama? Min of an 697 AH, a sitting for religious hymns was held. The Edicy is experienced such an cestatic frame than the became appears absorbed. When he had recovered slightly became a positive everybody. Only his Caliph Shaykh farm of the Qalander III, the exalted mystic, could attend to went past in this way. At long last he breathed to the prayer on Wednesday. To Jamadi al Than to exalt bidding farewell to this mortal and entering the event of the well-like has we inner alcoholy rapear.

Many thousands of men from both the rinknown and the known Worlds participated in the funeral prayer. Because of a case and majesty nobody could date to enter the precincts of the mausoleum without the company of Hadrat Shah Jalanua Dean Ahmad, the Qalander III, the exalted mystic. Those in the field of mysticism still follow this drill whilst visiting the shune. The Khawaja still basks in the same glory and majesty as had been iterated by the Master of the Worlds. Alanual Mysonly Nacous (literally the Sun) is sufficient for me!

Since then, this charm and grandeur has pervaded to this day

Hadrat Shams-ud-Deen المنظفي states: "Harane spent twenty six years in the service of the Master of the Worlds. As Sahn المنطقة . I was not affected by the weather. Here, the cold, the heat, the rain and the hot winds were of absolutely tittle effect."

It is said that after some time there was no sign left of the grave of the Master of the Worlds As-Sabir Some high priest Brahmins wanted to build a temple there. One of the Hindu high priests was supervising the construction and he discovered signs of the grave of the Master of the Worlds As-Sabir In order to explore further, he excavated the grave and peeped inside. He thought that there was possibly a treasure hidden underneath. But as soon as he peeped inside he found himself caught there.

Afterwards, the devotees of the Master of the Worlds As-Sabir مُوْعَالِهُمُّ dreamt of him, saying: "Come to me immediately. A Hindu high priest wants to dig my grave. I have caught him."

As soon as they had reached the grave, they found the priest had already died. When his dead body was recovered it was observed that he had worn the appearance of an animal.

It is also said that for a long time, there prevailed majestic enlightenment at the grave of Hadrat 'Ala-ud-Deen Ali Ahmad As-Sabir so much so that people were frightened to go near it. If an unfortunate person went near it, he or she lost his or her life; if not life, he or she returned, having suffered a great personal loss.

Hadrat Abdul Qaddus Gangohi's Visit to the Shrine

A long time after a great divine Abdul Qaddus Gangohi set off to visit the holy shrine of the revered As-Sabir set off to visit the holy shrine of the revered As-Sabir In this he faced tremendous opposition. For example, lightening without the least speck of cloud in the sky struck. Hadrat Abdul Qaddus Gangohi beseeched in an ecstasy: "O Hadrat! Please lessen your majesty at least for now, People have stayed away habitually, because of this majesty. They cannot visit you even after your demise and burial. Please manifest your beauty to the creatures of Allah the Almighty so that they come and pay their tributes to you."

Then Hadrat Abdul Qaddus Gangohi reached the holy mausoleum and safe from any loss or suffering too. At night he dreamt of the Master of the Worlds As-Sabir saying to him: "As a result of your request, the majesty has now inclined to beauty which will be manifested. From now on people can come to me."

It is said that Hadrat Abdul Qaddus Gangohi is the same divine of whom the Baba Sahib عَرَانِينَكِينَ said: "He will be the Mujaddad of the Sabiriyyah Order and will fulfil the rites of funeral and burial of my Sabir عَرَانِينَكِينَ once again. He will

become known during about 900 AH 🖺

It took place accordingly. He (Abdul Qaddus) had his ext. Sabir's) mausoleum constructed and arrangements made for the annual festivities.

These events and the forecast are a sort of pairtie for a long man of the worldly knowledge and an income to be some a long terms of the man of maight

- News (the learnt knowledge) is manifest, and it
- The manifest is subservient to the hidden
- News is obtained, the sight given

Yaa Allah-u Yaa Rahmanu. Yaa Raheemii Yaa Har a Yaa Qayyoomu, Yaa Dhal-Jalal i Wal-Ikram' Upon whemsoever You have bestowed knowledge also bestow him with the sight'

Knowledge alone is not sufficient for guidance. Knowledge is like a representative. When knowledge receives sight at becomes exemplary.

In addition, sacrificing one's most beloved thing is the charts faithfulness. And sacrificing one's life is the limit of one's devotion. And Allah, Allah! What to say about the life that is sacreficed for the sake of and in the path of and towards the jobs and in the love of Allah the Almighty. It is prized tremendously by Allah the Almighty.

Allah the Almighty grants eternal lives to those who sacrifice themselves in His path. One went even so far as to say: "They become eternally alive. And they go wherever they please."

The life that is sacrificed for Allah the Almighty is superior to all the lives of the world.

The present is witness to the past. What is there in the present was also there in the past. That what did not exist in the past is not found in the present.

Be it known that there recently took place an amazing incident regarding a young girl who died of extreme cold at the shrine of

the Master of the Worlds As-Sabir عَضِكَانِسُكِينَا اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ ا

It is narrated that two women accompanied by a small girl from Pakpatan (Pakistan) went to Kalyar Sharif (India) in order to visit the shrine of the Master of the Worlds. Because of extreme cold the young girl lost her body temperature, so much so that just before sunset the girl died. These Pakistani female pilgrims contacted a local doctor named Ghulam Sarwar. After the medical examination, he declared the girl clinically dead. Consequently both the ladies put the dead girl on the door and began weeping and wailing. After the 'Isha prayer the worshippers in the mosque which is next to the shrine enquired about the reason why they were weeping and wailing. Instead of answering their queries they addressed the Master of the Worlds As-Sabir ﴿ فَحَالِمُنْكُ مِنْ اللَّهِ مُعَالِمُهُ وَعُلَّالُهُ وَعُلَّا اللهِ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالُولُولُولُولُولُكُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِي وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِمُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّلَّا وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِمُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّ Deen Ali Ahmad, the inhabitant of the tomb, thus: "We have come here from the holy shrine, the place of rest of your religious mentor and guide Hadrat Baba Farid-ud-Deen Ganj Shakr at Pakpatan (Pakistan), in order to pay our respects to VOU.

The dead girl's mother continued: "People come to you to receive your blessings thus filling their laps. How could my lap be devastated? Because, as you know, your great grandfather Shaykh Abdul Qadir Jilani, the Ghawth al-Azam helped set afloat the boat which had remained sunk for twelve years. The Sun rose twice for your revered ancestor, Hadrat Ali al-Murtada (may Allah the Almighty bless his soul)! How could I then return from your shrine empty handed and with my lap devastated!"

The grief-stricken mother was wailing in such a manner that in a short while the motionless and soul-free dead body of the girl heaved a hiccup and showed signs of life on her face and body. And a little later she became alive and throbbing as if the cold hands of death had never touched her. This miracle (karamat) of the Master of the Worlds had numerous witnesses which included the staff of the board of trustees, the local doctor Ghulam Sarwar, Rao Maqbool Ahmad Khan, the prayer leader of

the exalted Mosque and about eighty other individuals

This news appeared in the daily *Imros* of 30 March 1981 and a special report from Kalyai Sharif was received (at Dai al I bean) on 29 March 1981.

Hadrat 'Aleemullah the Abdal, a Mentor of Kalyar Sharif

'Aleemullah the Abdal's grave is about one furlong away in an uninhabitable desolation lying to the West towards the exalted mausoleum of As-Sabir, the Master of the Worlds ﴿ رَضِكَانِيْنِيكِ لَهُ . There is nothing there except crops which are exclusively dependent upon rainfall. This enlightened grave is completely free from present day inventions and conveniences. No anniversaries or fun fairs are held. There is neither water, nor canopy over the grave, nor oil lamp or lantern, nor sweeper, nor attendant, nor servant and no pilgrims. Day and night it is the complete state of Hoo (Allah the Almighty) that is prevalent. His grave is the living epitome of absorption and attention, just as absorption and Sukr (intoxication) and complete devotion estranged this Darvish during his life time and as someone who was fully committed to Allah the Almighty. His grave stands aloof from the worldly pantomime and is drowned in the fathomless depth of silence. Seeing this enlightened grave one is struck by the penetrating feeling that he was, even now, drowned in the same state of absorption and Sukr and was comfortably asleep.

There is, however, a huge wild fig tree which the birds haunt all day long. They chirp for some time and then fly away. The grave has cracks all over. At some stage some lucky person voluntarily erected a wall all around it. Even that has fallen apart

here and there. And this place is now the abode of himi-However, they do not behave abnormally towards anybody what ing the place day and night

You may call this state of affairs as a demonstration of the influence of the Master of the Worlds of the Society of an influence of the Master of the Worlds of the Master of society and respect, or faithfulness of the Master of mobody visits his place. In other words, you must be does not send for anybody. The devotees pay a visit to the of the Master of the Worlds of the Worlds of the Master of the Worlds of this grave had sommed over the from the borders of Kalyar Sharif, it would have been a popular resort for humankind and wise men in particular. The ross is a intoxicating wine would have flowed

A man disclosed that he (the Abdal) cailed him dails for honouring him with his audience. Scorching sum, rain, harreanes and storms never stopped him on his way. He came there without fail from wherever and whatever condition he used to be. He reported daily at noon time. He did not even feel thusty during the extreme heat of the months of May and June. He came back to the afternoon. He went over again at night and remained in his presence. He spent his youth likewise and in the same manner Maa shaa Allah!

One day as he lay for rest under the shade of the wild fig tree it occurred in his mind to construct his mausoleum and repair the wall around. He brooded over this thought so much that he made up his mind to start with the job himself on the morrow. But he had the privilege of audience taken away from him. His friends often asked him: "Where did you spend your noons before now! Why don't you go there anymore?"

He diverted their attention by simply talking about something different. After a good number of days he re-established his missing contact, regained his honour that he had snatched away from him and got the grace of audience once more. He was wonder-struck and amazed at seeing new constructions. He asked

a passer-by: "O the respected Sire! Come here for a moment and tell who achieved all this construction!"

He (the passer-by) went away waving his hand in the air!

Supplication

O Allah the Almighty' I beg of You for the silve of the beloved. Muhammad Mustafa Ahmad Mujtaba is Madina, the peace of mind, the benigh beloved, the silve of master, the holy, the perfect, the beautiful, the pure the Ia It of Tāsin, the Muzzammil, the Maddathihin Washa I beg of You that the byegone golden days of the Faith of Islam rein once more and come into this world in full splendom

- O Allah the Alimghty' This supplication is not mine about but of every sympathetic inhabitant of Your world. You Harve yaa-Qayvoom!
 - O Allah the Almighty! Listen and grant this supplication! Allah the Almighty is the greatest, the greatest of all!
- O Allah the Almighty! May all the Muslims in Your world be united at one centre and may this centre be called Islamistan?
- O Allah the Almighty! May the *Ummah* (Nation) of Your beloved Prophet مونا في be subservient to Your Command and rule the whole of this world. And may this rule be Divine and everlasting rule! Yaa-Hayyu yaa-Qayyoom! Aameen! (Amen!)

Wa Aakhiru Da'waanaa Anil Hamdulillahi Rabb-il 'Aalameen'. Wassalaatu Wassalaamu 'Ala Rasooli Hil-Kareem'. Wal-Hamdulillahi Rabb-il 'Aalameen'. Aameen!

(In the end, our claim is that all praise be to Allah the Almighty,

the Lord of the Worlds, and blessings and greetings to the gracious Prophet متر المعالمة ! And praise be to Allah the Almighty, the Lord of the Worlds! Amen!)

What is Dar-ul-Elisan?

Dar-ul-Ehsan, literally meaning the House of Hassing and voluntary Islamic Institute situated in the District of the least Pakistan. It has been defined as fan abode of bench worship Allah the Almighty as if they are seeing Him. If no the ease, it (certainly) is true that He is seeing them.

The Institute is busy fulfilling its aim of translating the sacred work of Da'wah-o-Tableegh-al Islam (Invitation to and spread or Islam) in many and various ways. Here it is humbly desired to demonstrate practically the teaching of the Holy Quo'an and the Sunnah (Tradition) of the Prophet Muhammad (2002) is the fountain-head of Islam.

People throughout the world from all walks of life, those who practise a little to those who practise their religion profusely, visit the Institute. In this way they satisfy their religious aspirations.

Sittings of incessant *Dhik'r* (remembrance of Allah the Almighty) are held, missionary parties of those with religious and spiritual zeal are sent to all parts, a spacious mosque and a repository for the worn out copies of the Holy Qur'an have been built, a school for destitutes and orphans and a well-staffed hospital have been established, administering their services tree of charge.

Abu Anees Muhammad Barkat Ali, a retired army officer, the founder and chief organiser of the Dar-ul-Eshan, has written, published and distributed free of charge much literature on Islan, in Urdu. This is now being translated in part in Arabic, Persian and English. Kitab-ul-'Amal bis-Sunnah, Al-Ma'roof Tarteeb Sharif' (Holy Succession), Makshoofāt-e-Manāzal-e-Ehsan (Manifestations of the Stages of Blessing) and Asma-un-Nabi al-Karim (The Bounteous Names of the Prophet (The Bounteous Names of the Prophet) are three voluminous works of unique religious importance. A

80

monthly magazine, *The Dar-ul-Ehsan*, is published for the benefit of the Muslim Community. It includes research articles, transations and commentaries on the *Holy Qur'an* and the *Hadeeth*, medical cures prescribed by the Prophet Muhammad and Abu Anees Muhammad Barkat Ali's own words of guidance and insight.

- Muhammad Iqbal.

Name Index

Aameer, the fort of, 62 Abdul Aziz bin Haritli, 3 Abdul Rahim Abdul Salam vii 👶 4, the death of, 5, 6, 12 Abdul Qaddus Gangohi, 40, 💯 Abdul Wahab, 3, 4, 13, 18 Abu Anees Muhammad Barkat Ah, v. 18, 880, 800, 800 Abu Bakar Siddique, the Lirst Caliph of Islam, 2, 3 Abu Hanaita, the Imam, viii, 15 16, 45, 46, 59, 72 Abu al-Qasım Gargamı, 11, 12, 59 'Ala-ud-Deen Khalji, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66 'Aleemullah the Abdal, 12, 15, 33, 36, 37, 38, 42, 43, 44, 47, 57, 58, 62, 65, 68, 74 Ali Saeed Crispin, the Doctor, xvn Ali, the Fourth Caliph of Islam. viii: the Haider, xiv. 8, 15 Ans bin Malik, 1.2 Auzeer, the Prophet ________

Baha-ud-Deen, 33, 41, 43
Bajnor, the town of, xxi
Bakhtiyar Kaki, the Khawaja, 12, 27
Bikram Pal, the Raja, 30
Basri bint Tabaf, the midwife, 6
Burhan, the Haji, 6

45

Chishtiyyah, the Line of, ix

Fig. 4. A Depth Coast Short the Association of the Associatio

Cabinel the Xi iii.

Cans the Can of the Chias of the Lapton Chias and Deen Bulbara fit of he page to the India 200.65

Hapira Bibit the Marter's norther sono Bakimi Amir al Hassan the Sho Waliayar xxn Hardwar, the Hindu Holy Cox (xx) so) Harn and the Goat (xx) Hassan, the Imain (23) 48

Jaitar Sadique, the Imam. Jamal ud Deen Hansyn, the Qath. II

Hirat, the City of Am. 7. 1.

Hussain, the Iman, 2. 5 - 6

23, 24, 25

Kalyan, the Raja, 50 Kalyar, the Sainthood of, 28 Karam Pal, the Raja, 30 Kothowal, the village in Sahiwal, 4, 22

59, 60, 77, 78, 79
Madina Manawwara, 16
Mehdi, the Imam, 46
Mu'een-ud-Deen Chishti,
the Khawaja of India, 31, 48
Muhammad bin Ishaque, 5, 7
Muhammad Yaqoob, the
calligrapher, xvii
Musqat, 3

Nanna Mian, the Hadrat. xxi Nizam-ud-Deen Badayuni, 45, 64 Nizam-ud-Deen Syed, the Sultan al-Mashaikh, 33 Nusrat Baghla, the magician, 41

Qadi of Tabbarak, 34, 38
Qibla, the direction to the
Holy Ka'abah, 48
Qiyam-ud-Deen alias Dhamwan,
the city elder, 31, 34
Qutb-ud-Deen, the Emperor of
India, 31

Rishi Gokal Chand, 30 Roorkee, the Cantonement of, 32

Sabir (the patient), 18
Sadraq, the well, 35
Saheefa Biyan-i-Sabiri, 54
Sanskrit, the language of the
Hindu Holy Scriptures, 31
Sayyedena Imam-ud-Deen, 47
Shams-ud-Deen At-Turk, ix, x,
52, 53;
the Shah Walayat, 54;
his Seclusion, 55, 57; 65, 66
Shri Krishan Ji, 30

Sidrat al-Muntaha, 49
Syed Abdul Qadir Jilani, the Shaykh
of the Shaykhs, Ghawth and
Qutb al-Aqtāb, 3, 4, 7, 8, 45, 47,
57, 58, 72
Syed Ma'soom Ali Shah, 68
Syed Shah Saif-ud-Deen, 4

Subject Index

Abditival (Unicity of Godhead) Signary Kāmil (The Perfect Gnostic), 60

Avi, the prayer at xxi, 48, 69

Andrya (plural for Walt - mystic) 1.
29, 33, 42, 44

Backbiting, 47Backbiting, 47Backbiting, 47

Cardamoni, xxii
Charter, 23, 24
Chattel, 31
Citation, 28,
Conflagration, 48
Confession, the formula of, 26
Contentment, 8, 18

Darood (salutation), 61
Darvish, 74
Day of Covenant, xxvii, xxix
Determination, xxviii, xxix
Devbani, the word of the Lord, 31
Dhāt (Being), xxviii
Dhik'r (remembrance), 79
Doomsday, 37

Ecstasy, 10, 22, 53, 70 Eid Day, xix

Fajr. the prayer time, 57 Fanā Fee al-Allah, 3 Fanā Fee al-Rasool, 2 Faqir, 42, 51 Limit the positive of the experience of the expe

Hadecon 80 Hadecon the first of 58

Intibal reformation of a Intibal reformation of a Intibal reformation of a Imam (for prayers of Isha, late eventur prayer) for the 44,55

Islamistan, the country for the Muslam Uniman

Tshiq (devotion), even
Ishraq, the prayer after sumisse, of a 26

Jabārut, the sphere of Divine Power. 1, 3, 27 Jealous, 2 Jealousy, 15

Ka'abah, the House of Allah on Earth, 6

Kafir, 38, 42

Karamat (miracle), 45, 73

Khalifa (successor), 36, 45

Khanqah (convent), 22, 33

Leilat al-Qadar (the Night of Power), 28

Maghrib (the sunset), 39
Malākut (the Angelic World), 1, 2
Mantle, 22
Maqnatees al-Wahdat (Magnetism of Unicity of Godhead), 33
Mujaddad (refromer), 45, 46, 58, 59; the definition of, 60; 70

Nafal, the prayer of, 8 Nikah (the wedding rites), 21

Oath of Allegiance, 34, 35 Ordinance, 24

Patience, 8, 18
Plague, 44
Preserved Tablet, 37
Prophecies, 1

Qutb al-Aqtāb (Head of the Mystics), 2, 7, 27, 40
Qurbat al-Wahdat (Nearness to the One), 3, 45
Qutbiyyat, the certificate of, 21, 22

Rabb (The Lord), xxvii
Rukoo' (the kneeling posture in prayers), ix, 41, 42

Rabb (The Lord), xxvii
Rukoo' (the kneeling posture in prayers), ix, 41, 42

Salik (pilgrim), 49
Seal of Mysticism, 3;
of Sainthood, 27
Steadfastness, xxviii, xxix
Shaykhiyyat (spiritual precept), xxiii
Shams (the Sun), 69
Shari'at (Islamic Law), 54
Sirr al-'Abudiyyat (the Secrets of
Servantship), 14, 15, 19, 26, 27
So'imber, 30
Snakes, the King of, 9
Sudra, the lowly Hindu Caste, 31
Suk'r (intoxication), 74
Sulook (Theopathy), 26, 49

Tahajjud, the Prayer of, 9, 10, 11, 15, 21, 27, 38, 47

Tareeqat (Islamic Mysticism), xxiii, xxviiii

Tremor, 41

Ummah, the Muslim Nation, vii, 2, 3, 77, 80 Vigil of Extinction, 21 Vigil of the Unseen, 26

Walayat (mystical hierarchy), 39
Wali (mystic), 36, 42, 58
Waliullah (the mystic of Allah the Almighty), 13, 27
Wrath, of Allah the Almighty, 40, 43, 47

Subject Index 88

Zahoor Allah (manifestation of Allah the Almighty), 11 Zuhr, the prayer time, xxi, 15, 33, 37, 38



Although every feature of the story of devotion is, in its place, unique and unforgettable, whatever the eye of the firmament saw at Kalyar (near Roorkee, India) witnessed it there alone, and nowhere else.

Practice and knowledge, devotion and ecstasy, abstraction and intoxication, absorption and rapture, and majesty and beauty, have all been combined together at rare places and only occasionally. However, this beautiful, charming and inspiring combination was fully prevalent there.

The restless eyes are searching for him, of whom it has been said:

"It is on the tongue of everyone in Kalyar,
'An abstracted ascetic visits, and is regular.'"

This is perhaps the reason why (as the *Tadhkira* tells in its text) that whatever took place on the land of Kalyar had been kept secret from human intellect, understanding and comprehension until now.

These wise men, who have the secrets of clairvoyance and consciousness of Allah the Almighty hidden in their chests, are the decorum of Your wine house. If there had been no wise men in Your world what charm would have it offered? No history would have been fraught with any taste whatever. These wise men alone have made attractive the story of the descendants of Prophet Adam (peace be upon him).

— Abu Anees Muhammad Barkat Ali



DAR-UL-EHSAN PUBLICATIONS

ISBN 0 905773 21 7

PRINTED IN GREAT BRITAIN